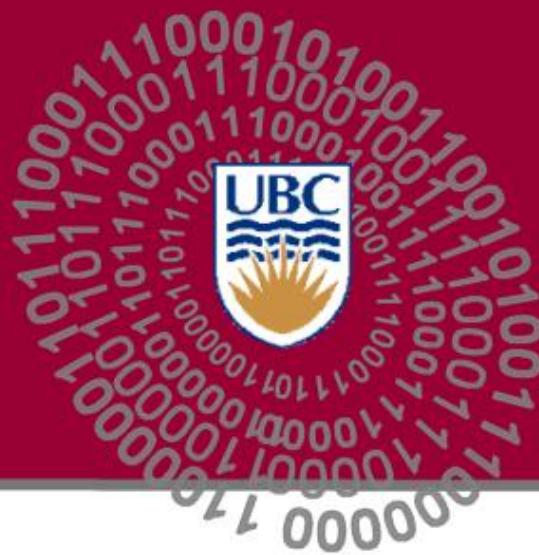


UNIVERSITY OF BRITISH COLUMBIA



Evaluation of Chroma Subsampling for High Dynamic Range Video Compression

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Overview

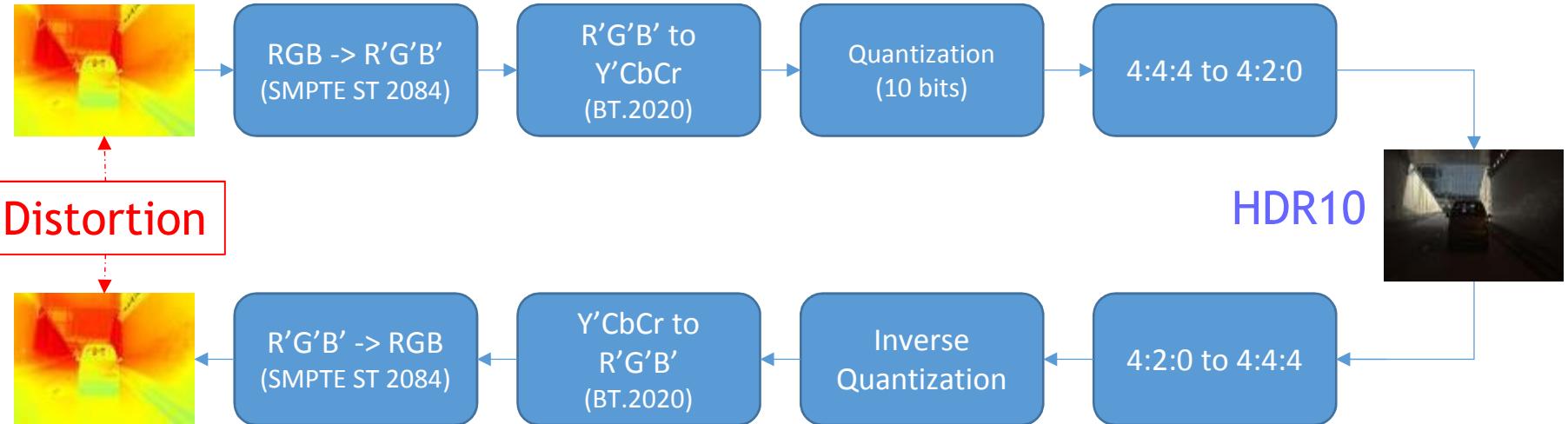
- Chroma Subsampling
- Chroma Subsampling and Compression Efficiency
- Conclusion

Chroma Subsampling

- **Objective:** assess the impact of chroma subsampling in the HDR10 distribution pipeline
- Sampling considered:
 - 4:4:4 full chroma sampling
 - 4:2:0 MPEG CTC filter (correspond to anchor V1)
 - 4:2:0 Lanczos3 (6-tap)

Chroma Subsampling

■ Influence without compression



Chroma Subsampling

■ Influence without compression

tPSNR-Y in dB			
Sequence	4:4:4	4:2:0 Lanczos	4:2:0 MPEG
FireEater2	69.33	65.15	64.38
Market3	69.56	62.52	62.07
BalloonFestival	67.94	62.35	62.12
Tibul2	68.53	60.66	60.00
Overall	68.84	62.67	62.1425

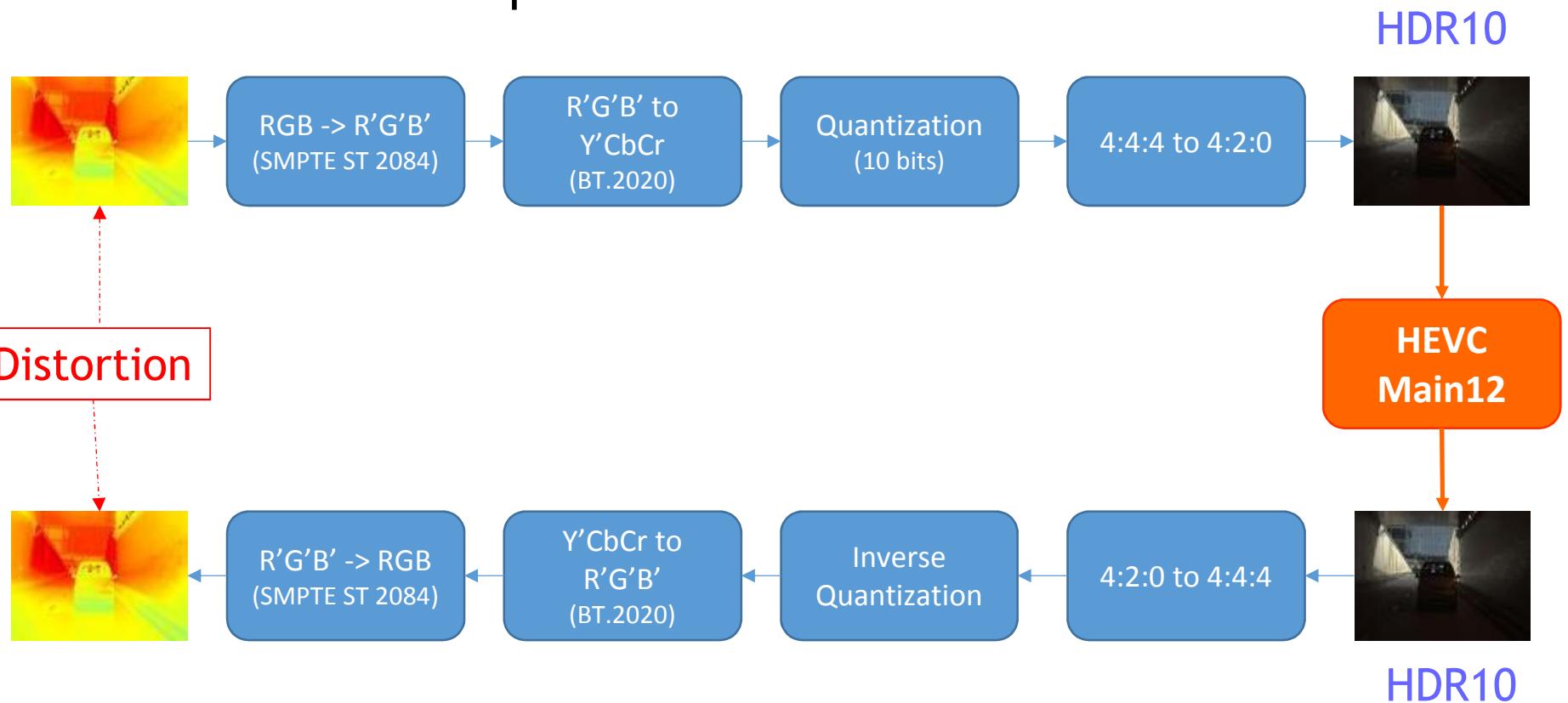
PSNR-DE0100 in dB			
Sequence	4:4:4	4:2:0 Lanczos	4:2:0 MPEG
FireEater2	52.32	48.80	48.42
Market3	42.11	36.88	36.76
BalloonFestival	45.36	40.46	40.62
Tibul2	49.66	45.92	45.61
Overall	47.36	43.01	42.85

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■ Influence with compression



Proposed Test

■ Source test sequences:

Sequence	Class	Frame Range
FireEater2	A	0-199
Market3	A	0-299
Sunrise	A	0-239
BalloonFestival	G	0-199
Starting	H	0-499
Hurdles	H	0-499

Script error

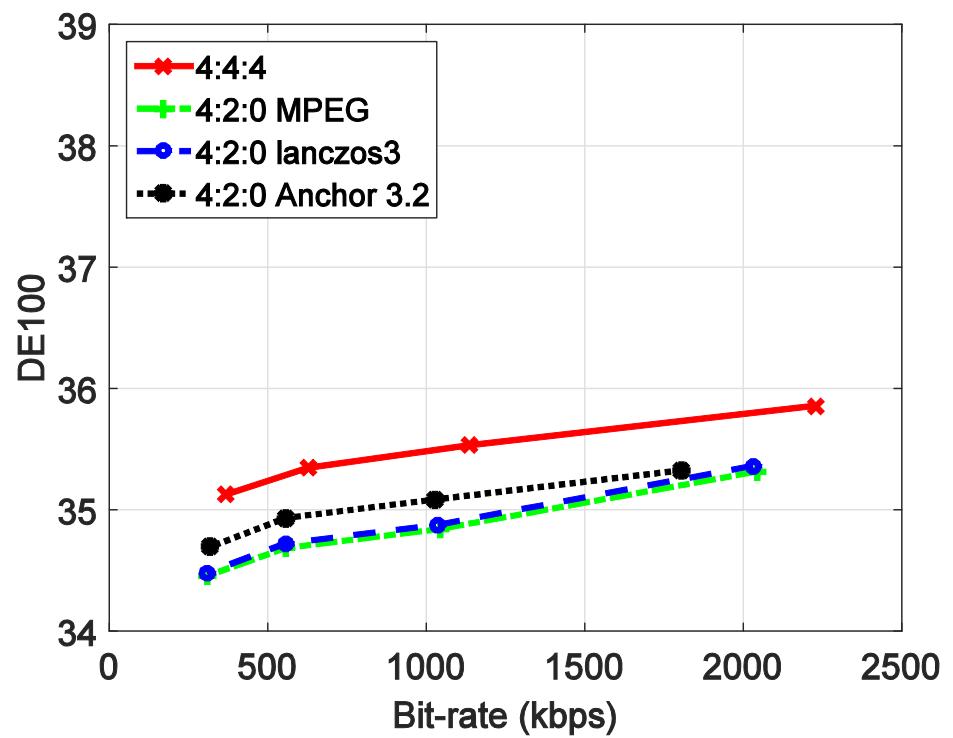
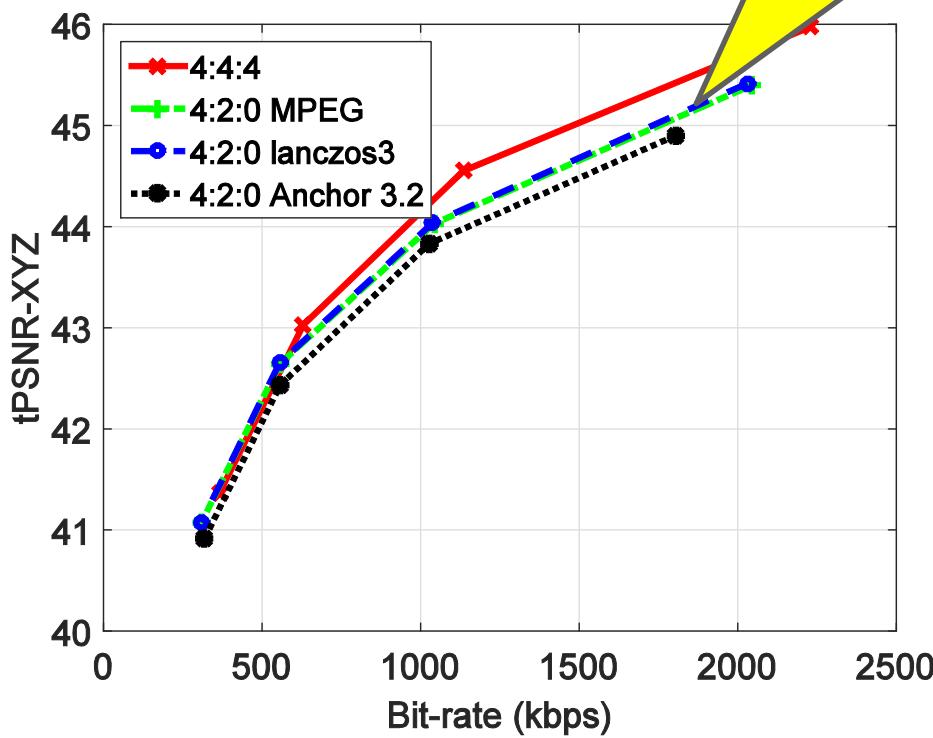
■ SuperAnchor 3.2 has been added to the plot:

- Different profile main10 versus main12
- Different generation of HDR10 (luma adjustment)
- Different tools (CbCr QP offset, delta luma adaptive, etc.)
- Comparison is not fair

Results

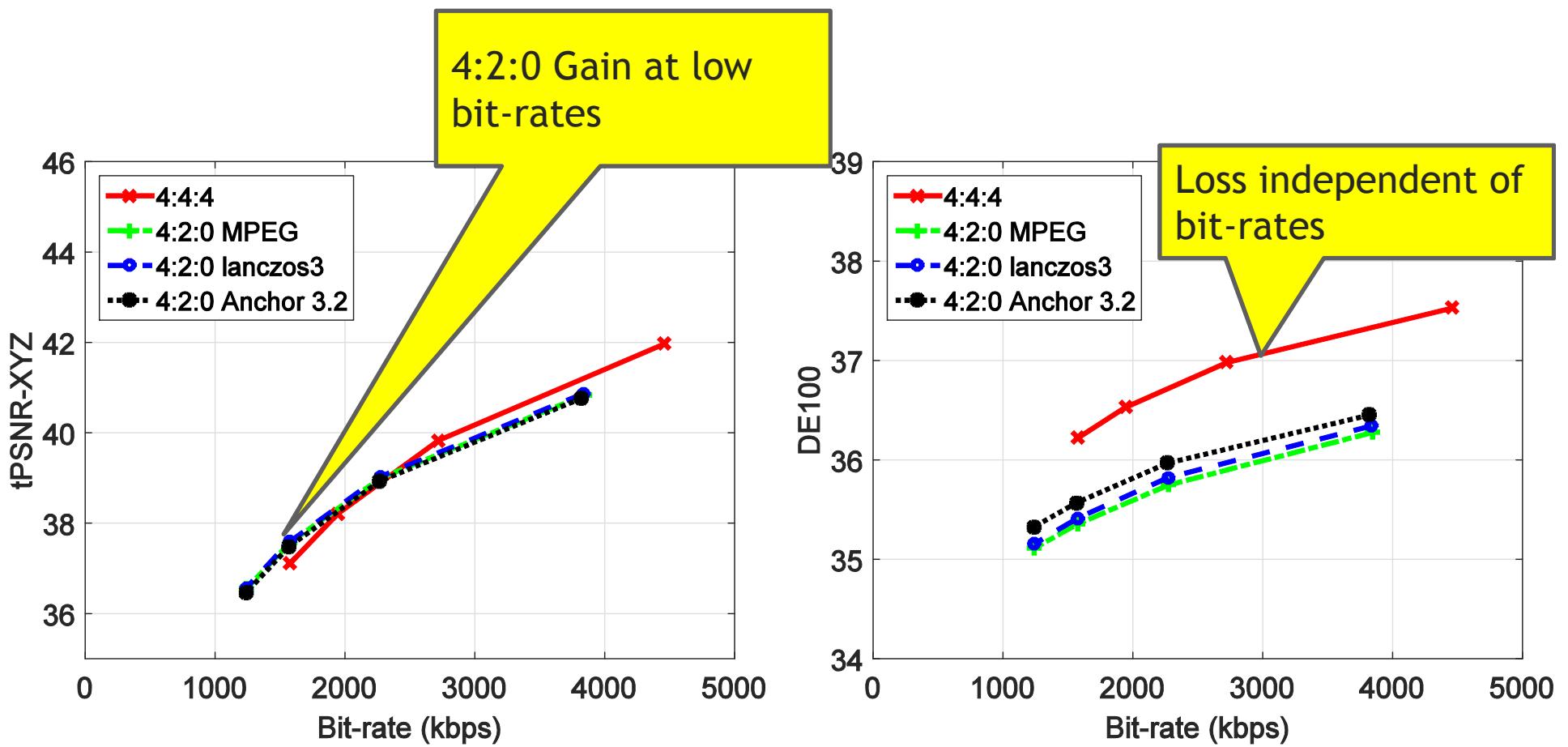
SunRise:

Subjective evaluation complicated due to difference in bit-rates



Results

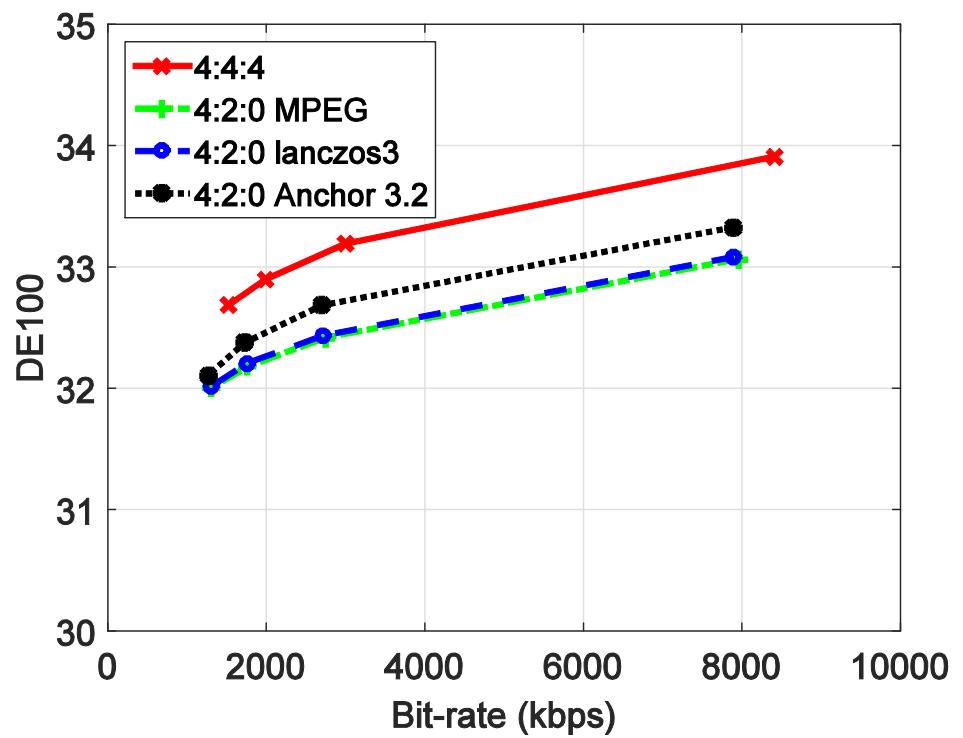
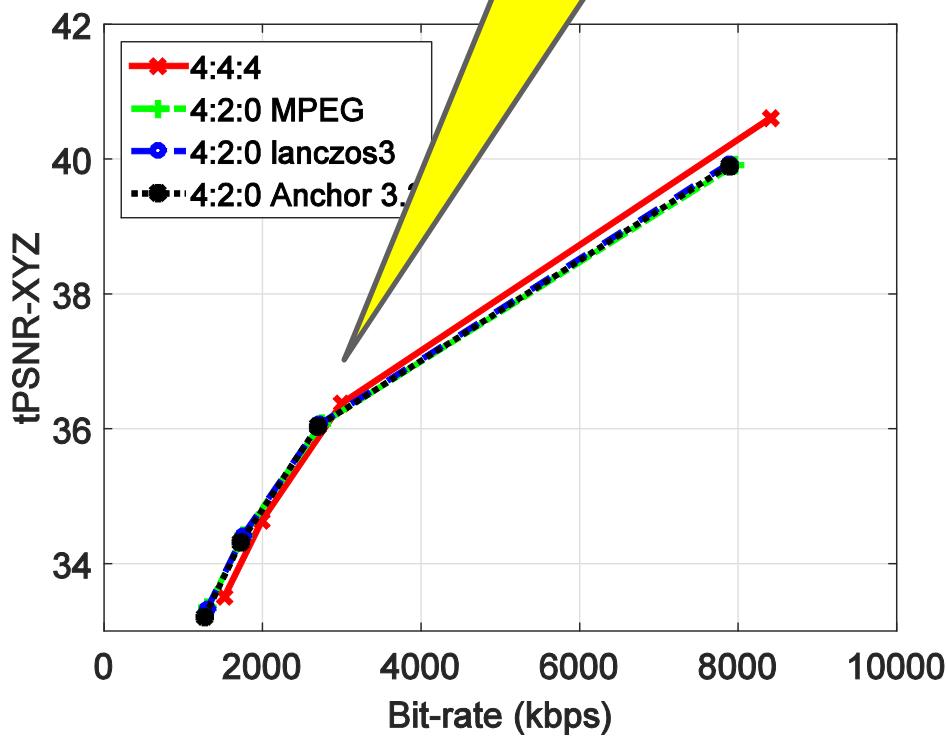
■ BalloonFestival:



Results

■ Market3:

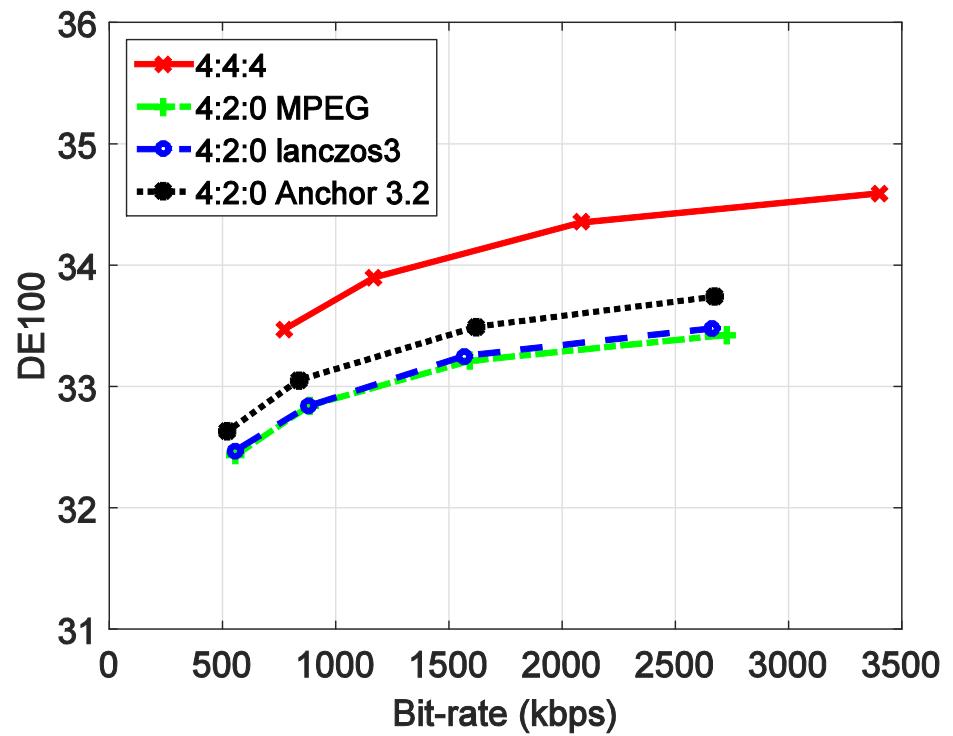
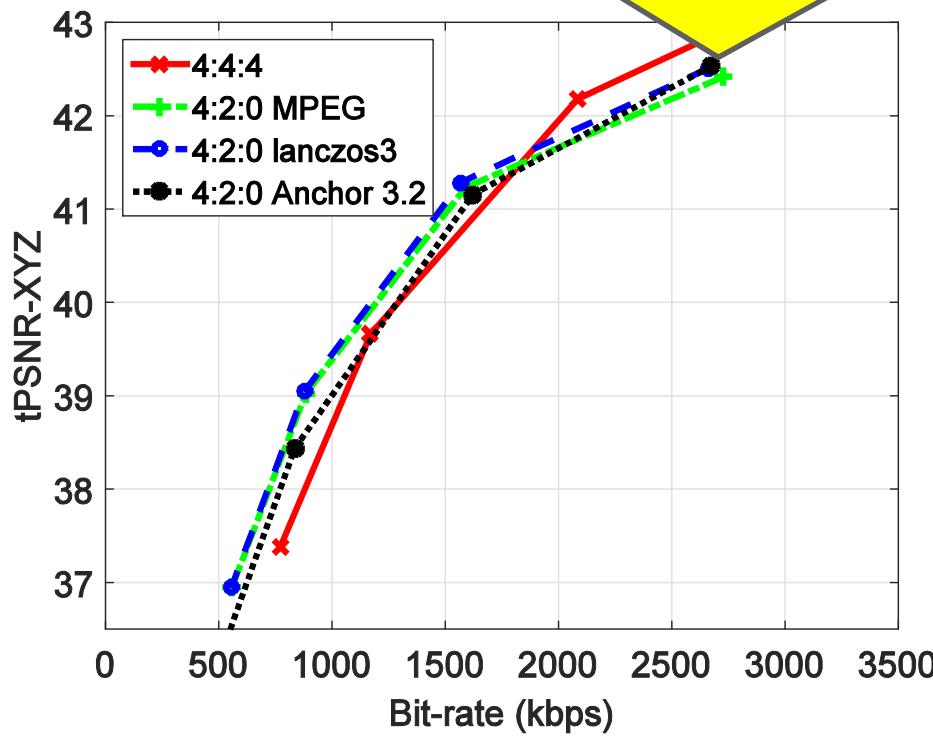
Gain at low bit-rates



Results

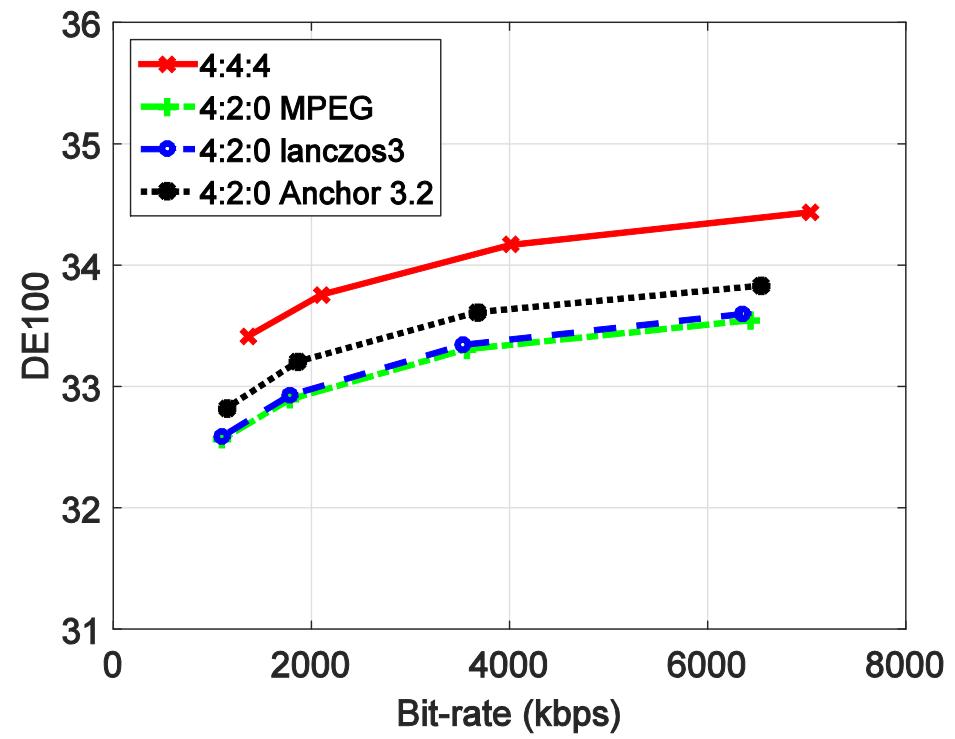
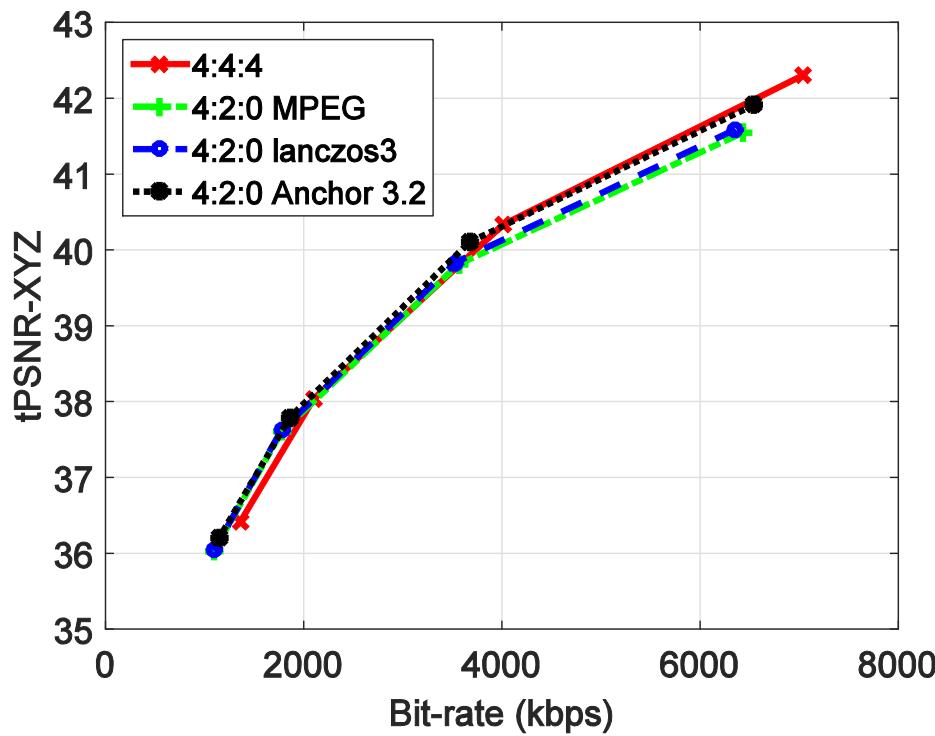
■ Starting:

Anchor 3.2 equal or below in tPSNR XYZ



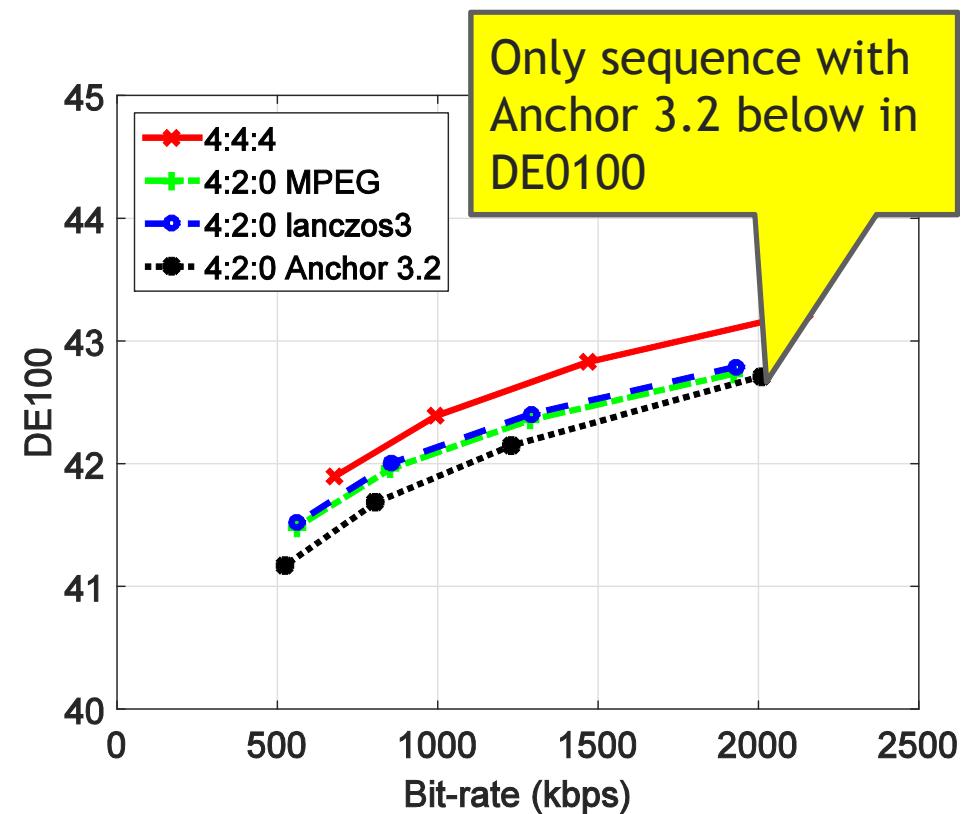
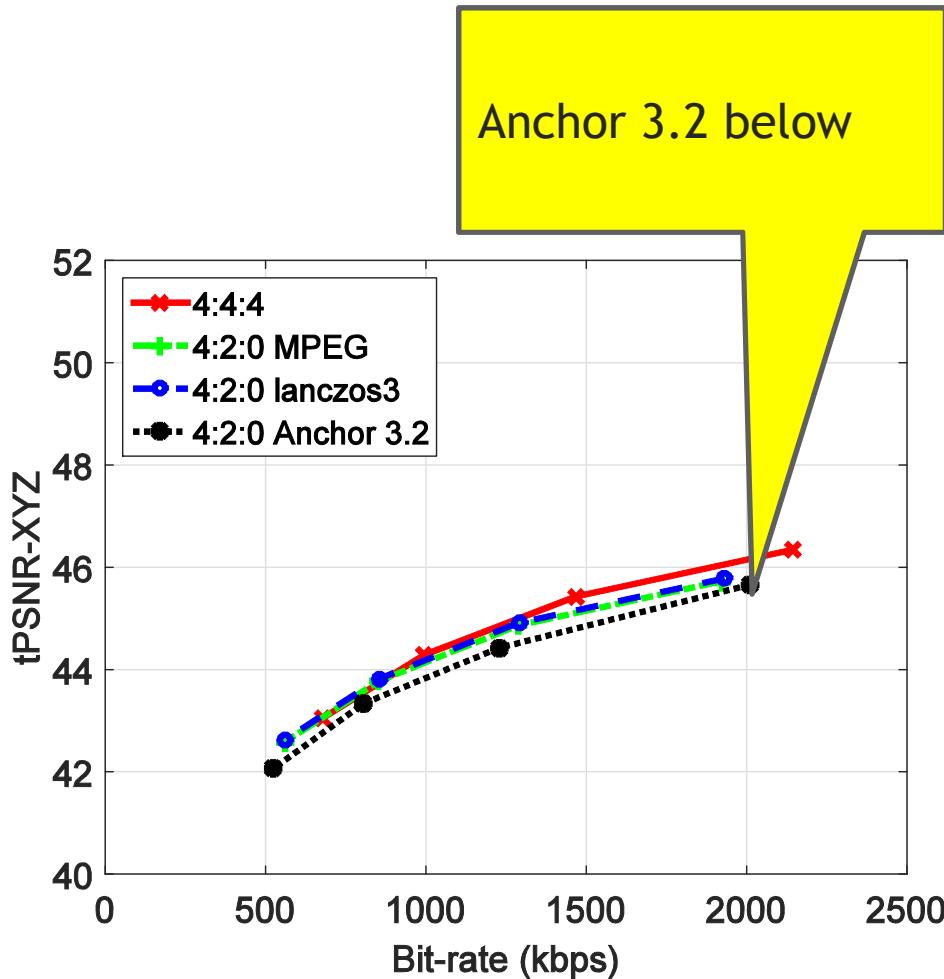
Results

■ Hurdles:



Results

■ FireEater2:



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Conclusion

- Subsampling is more efficient (according to tPSNR-XYZ) at low bit-rates
- Anchor 3.2 is more efficient in term of color reproduction (QP chroma offset?)
- High bit-rates, 4:4:4: is more efficient (both metrics)
- 4:4:4 can solve chroma problems for processes at the decoding stage (see JCTVC-W0106).

Perspectives

- Subjective evaluation is complicated due to the bit-rate difference
 - Rate-controlled might be considered
- Improving subsampling process to bridge gap between 4:4:4 and 4:2:0 in DE0100

Contact Information

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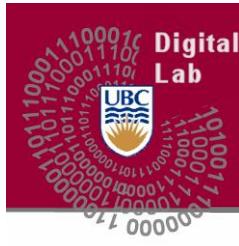
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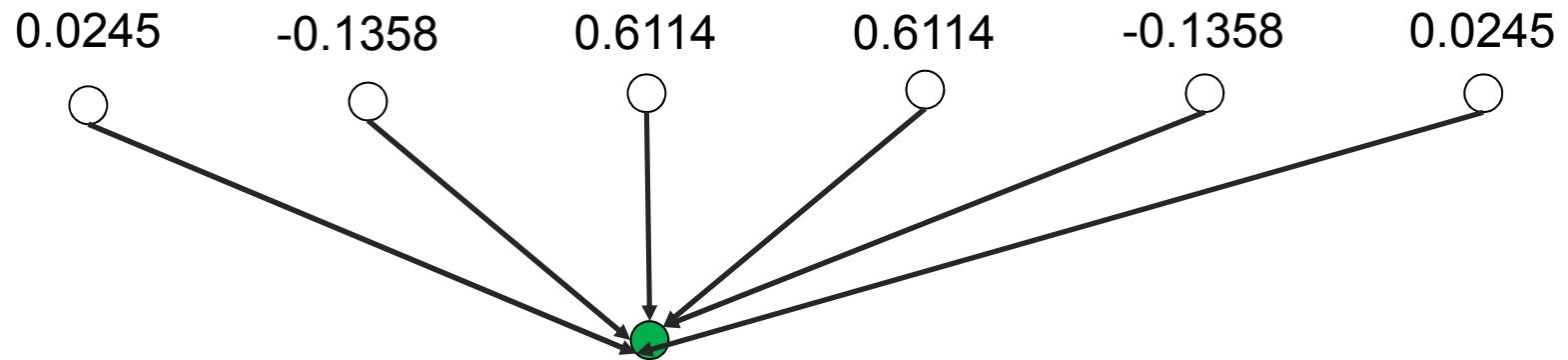


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A blue rectangular sticky note is pinned to a surface with a red pushpin at the top center. The note contains the handwritten text "THANK You" in black ink, with "THANK" on the first line and "You" on the second line, both in a cursive script.

Chroma Subsampling

- 4:2:0 Lanczos3 (6-tap) downsampling (1D)



position	-2	-1	0	1	2	3
Coef.	0.0245	-0.1358	0.6114	0.6114	-0.1358	0.0245

Chroma Subsampling

- 4:2:0 Lanczos3 upsampling



-0.0074		-0.0680		0.2710		0.8928		-0.1333		0.0301	
○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○
		-0.1333		0.8928		0.2710		-0.0680		-0.0074	

position	- 5	-4	-3	-2	-1	0
Coef.	0.0074	0.0301	-0.0680	-0.1333	0.2710	0.8928
position	6	5	4	3	2	1
Coef.	0.0074	0.0301	-0.0680	-0.1333	0.2710	0.8928