

ELEX 4340 FINAL EXAM SOLUTIONS

TERM 201430

Q.1

$\xi X_i \Rightarrow 0x 03BE$

$= 0000 \ 0011 \ 1011 \ 1110$

from Table 3-6

0000 0 yy y yy zx zx zxzx

encoding:

1100 1110 1011 1110

C E B E

UTF-8 encoding requires 2 bytes: 0xce, 0xbe

Q.2

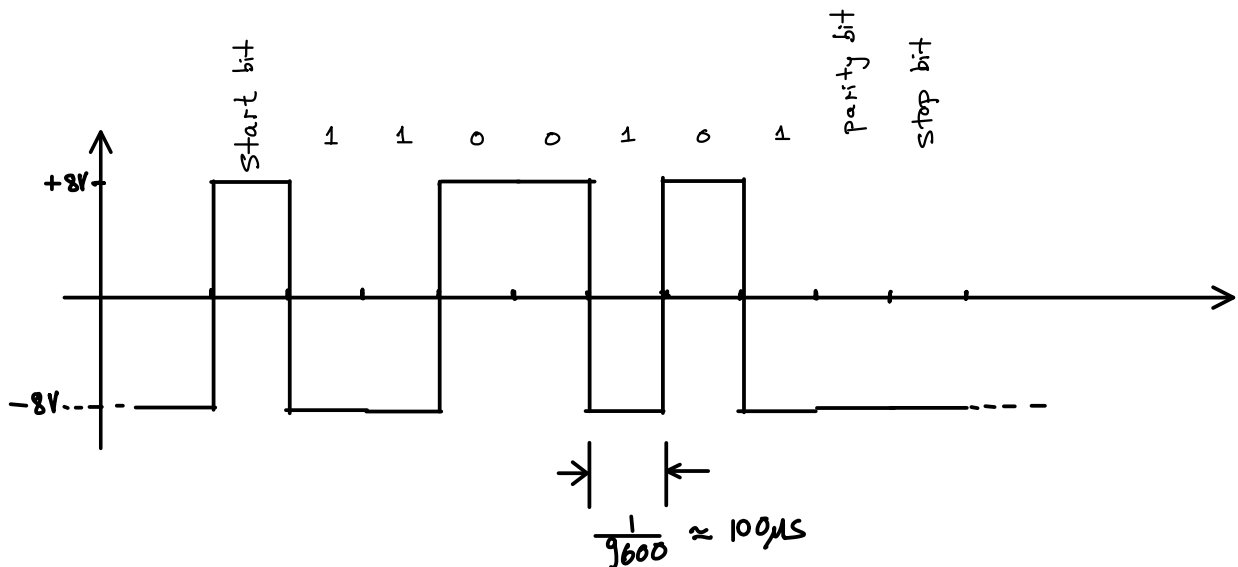
$0x 53 \Rightarrow 0101 \ 0011$

bit reversed: 1100 101~~1~~ ← omit MS bit

polarity: L L H H L H L~~L~~

number of 1's = 4 (even)

∴ parity bit must be 1 (L) (4+1=5 is odd)



Q.3

$$P_T = 50 \text{ kW} = 50 \times 10^3 \text{ W}$$

$$f = 100 \text{ MHz} = 100 \times 10^6 \text{ Hz} \quad \lambda = \frac{c}{f} = \frac{3 \times 10^8}{10^8} = 3 \text{ m}$$

$$G_T = G_R = 0 \text{ dB} = 1$$

$$d = 15 \text{ km} = 15 \times 10^3 \text{ m}$$

$$P_R = P_T G_T G_R \left(\frac{\lambda}{4\pi d} \right)^2$$

$$= 50 \times 10^3 \cdot 1 \cdot 1 \cdot \left(\frac{3}{4\pi \times 15 \times 10^3} \right)^2 = 12 \times 10^{-6} \text{ W}$$

$$= 12 \times 10^{-3} \text{ mW}$$

$$\text{in dBm: } P_R = 10 \log(12 \times 10^{-3}) = \boxed{-19 \text{ dBm}}$$

Q.4

$$-6 \text{ dB} = 10^{\left(\frac{-6}{20}\right)} \approx \frac{1}{2} \quad \left(|H(f)| \text{ is a voltage, not a power ratio} \right)$$

From graph, the -6 dB bandwidth is $\boxed{1 \text{ MHz}}$.

Channel response extends to 2 MHz .

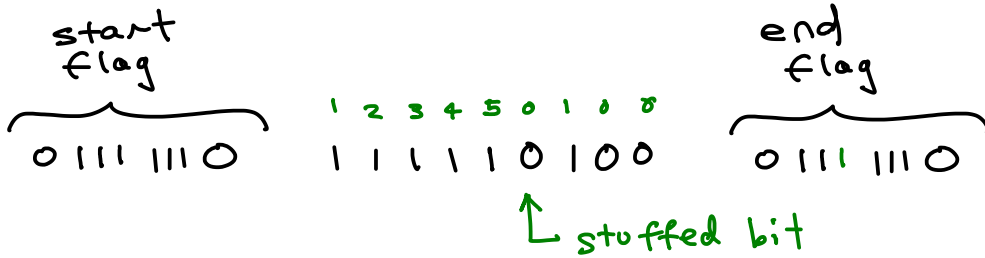
For no ISI the minimum bandwidth is the -6 dB bandwidth, 1 MHz .

Excess bandwidth is $2 \text{ MHz} - 1 \text{ MHz} = 1 \text{ MHz}$

$$\alpha = \frac{1 \text{ MHz (excess)}}{1 \text{ MHz (minimum)}} = \boxed{1} \quad (100\%)$$

Maximum symbol rate = $2 \times -6 \text{ dB bandwidth} = \boxed{2 \text{ MHz}}$

Q. 5



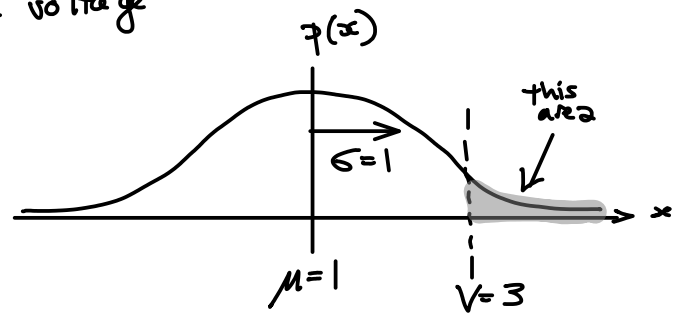
Q. 6

$\sigma = 1V = \text{rms voltage, for zero-mean (AC coupling)}$

$\mu = 1V = \text{average voltage}$

threshold $v = 3V$

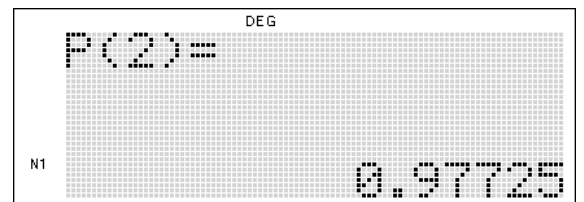
$$P(x > v) = 1 - P(x < v)$$



$$t = \frac{v - \mu}{\sigma} = \frac{3 - 1}{1} = 2$$

$$P(x < 3v) = P(2) \approx 0.977$$

$$P(x > 3v) = 1 - 0.977 = \boxed{2.3\%}$$



Q. 7

(a) 16 codewords can encode $\log_2 16 = \boxed{4 \text{ bits}} = k$

if bits/codeword = $n = 7$, rate = $\frac{k}{n} = \boxed{\frac{4}{7}}$

(b) for highest throughput

- with long delay: go-back-N or selective repeat

- with high error rate: $\boxed{\text{selective repeat}}$

(c) for $d_{\min} = 4$

detectable errors = $d_{\min} - 1 = 3$

correctable errors = $\left\lfloor \frac{d_{\min} - 1}{2} \right\rfloor = \left\lfloor \frac{4 - 1}{2} \right\rfloor = \lfloor 1.5 \rfloor = 1$

(d) only 10 Base T uses Manchester

(100 Base T uses MLT-3, 1000 Base T uses 4 levels)

(e) for CBR data the channel can be partitioned in a fixed manner using either TDMA or FDMA

for busy data channel should be allocated to users as needed \Rightarrow CSMA

(f) the netmask for a /17 network has 17 leading 1's & \therefore 15 trailing zeros:

255.255.128.0

8 + 8 + 1 = 17