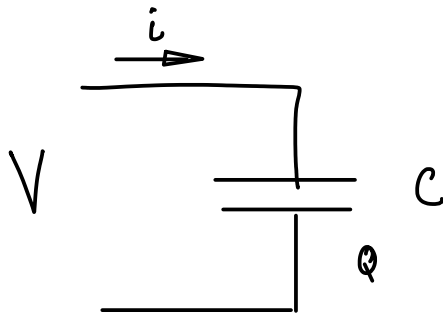


Lecture 5 - Baseband Transmitters and Receivers

Exercise 1: What is the current flowing into a 1nF capacitor if it is being charged at a rate of 10V/μs?



$$Q = CV$$

$$i = \frac{\Delta Q}{\Delta T} = C \frac{\Delta V}{\Delta T}$$

$$Q_0 = CV_0$$

$$Q_1 = CV_1$$

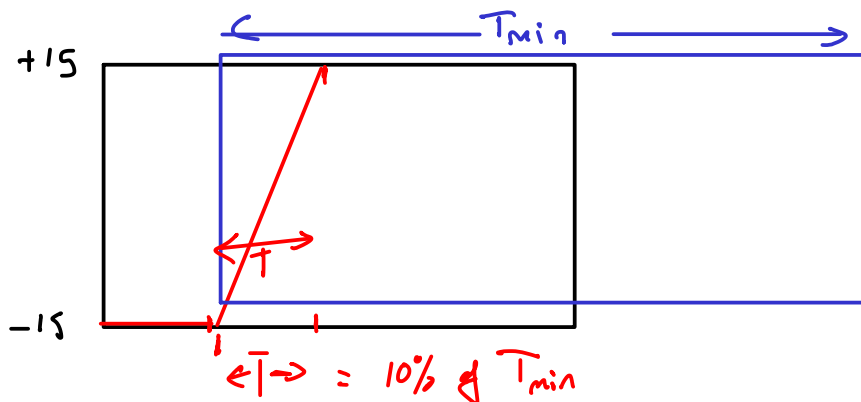
$$Q_1 - Q_0 = C(V_1 - V_0)$$

$$\frac{\Delta Q}{\Delta T} = C \frac{\Delta V}{\Delta T}$$

$$\begin{aligned} i &= C \frac{\Delta V}{\Delta T} = 1 \times 10^{-9} \frac{10}{1 \times 10^{-6}} \\ &= 10^{-9} \cdot 10^6 \cdot 10^1 \\ &= 10^{-2} \\ &= 10 \text{ mA} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{10 \times 10^{-2}}{1 \times 10^{-2}} &= 100 \text{ mA} \\ \frac{10 \times 10^{-2}}{1 \times 10^{-2}} &= 10 \text{ mA} \end{aligned}$$

Exercise 2: The RS-232 standard specifies a maximum slew rate of 30V/μs. Assuming a voltage swing of 30 volts, what is the maximum data rate for which two signal level transitions occupy 10% of the bit period?



$$\text{slew rate} = \frac{\Delta V}{\Delta T} = \frac{15 - (-15)}{T} = \frac{30 \text{ V}}{0.1 T_{\min}} = 30 \text{ V}/\mu\text{s} \quad T_{\min} = \frac{30 \text{ V}}{0.1 \cdot 30 \text{ V}/\mu\text{s}} = 10 \mu\text{s}$$

$$\text{data rate} = \frac{1}{10 \mu\text{s}} = 100 \text{ kHz}$$

Exercise 3: If the capacitance of the transmission line joining several OC drivers is 1 nF and the pull-up resistor is 1 k Ω , how long will it take for the pull-up to pull the line from 0V to 63% of the logic high voltage?

$$R = 10^3$$

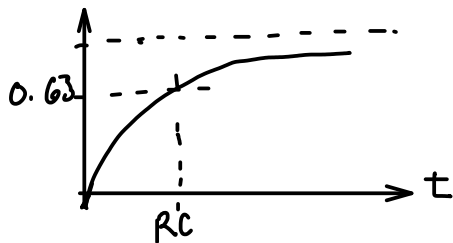
$$C = 1 \times 10^{-9}$$

$$1 - e^{-\frac{t}{RC}} = \underline{\underline{0.63}}$$

$$e^{-1} = 0.37$$

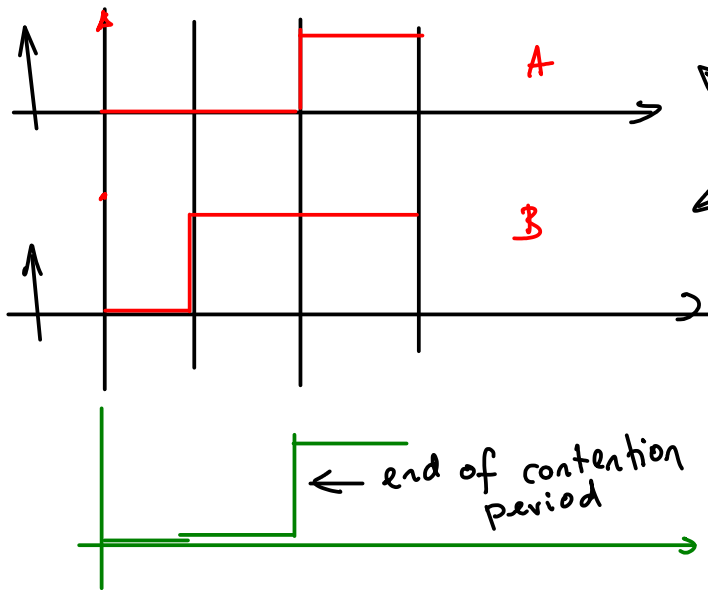
$$t = RC$$

$$= 10^{-6} = 1 \mu s$$



Exercise 4: What are the consequences of increasing the delay between polls? What other factor might determine the maximum delay before slave gets access to the bus in a system using polling?

- increasing delay \rightarrow increases response time (delay)
- # slaves.
- length of each transmission



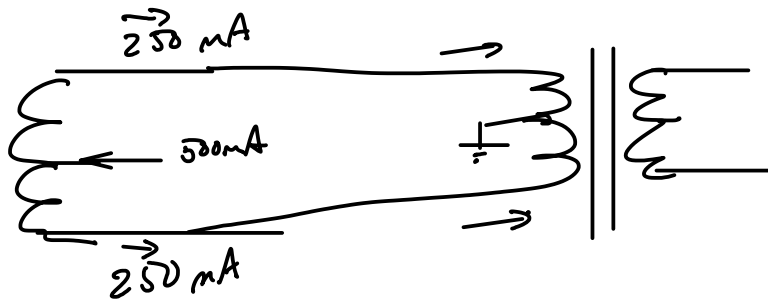
two devices contend for the bus. who wins?

- device that holds down bus longest "wins" (has highest priority)

Exercise 5: Consider a communication bus in a car that connects an airbag activation controller with a collision detector, a passenger-seat occupancy sensor and an airbag-disabling switch. Would it be more appropriate to use a polling- or contention-based bus arbitration protocol? Would it be appropriate for the arbitration protocol to allow different priorities for bus access? If so, what priorities might be assigned the different sensors?

- contention-based to minimize delay
- yes:
 - priorities - highest - collision sensor
 - low - switch
 - sensor.

Exercise 6: If the common-mode circuit is used to carry 500mA, how much current flows through each half of the transformer secondary? What is the net effect on the flux in the transformer core?



- no net effect

Exercise 7: When the input to the optocoupler is high, will the output be high or low? Assume a pull-up is connected to the output.

