Extra Paper 0

A00123456

Each exam is equally difficult. Answer your own exam.

# MID-TERM EXAMINATION 9:30 – 10:20 AM October 29, 2014

This exam has four (4) questions on one (1) page. The marks for each question are as indicated. There are a total of 15 marks. Answer all questions. Write your answers in the exam book provided. Show your work. Numerical answers must include units. You may answer the questions in any order. Books and notes are allowed. No electronic devices other than calculators are allowed. You may keep this exam paper.

Show your work.

### Question 1 (2 marks)

A communication system transmits data continuously, one byte immediately after another, using the RS-232 serial interface standard. The interface uses 7 data bits and one parity bit. Assuming a bit rate of 4800 bps and no errors, what is the throughput in bits/s?

### Question 2 (5 marks)

- (a) The amplifier for an audio intercom amplifies frequencies between DC and 20 kHz. Does the amplifier represent a low-pass, band-pass or high-pass channel?
- (b) A 7 mV input to an amplifier results in an output of 0 dBm. All impedances are 50  $\Omega$ . What is the gain of the amplifier in dB?
- (c) The input to a channel consists of a 1 kHz sine wave. The output contains power at 1 and 3 kHz. Is this a linear channel? *Briefly* explain why or why not.
- (d) You measure the voltages on two of the pins of a disconnected RS-232 interface. The CTS pin reads 0 V and DTR reads 5 V. Is this a DTE or DCE interface?

#### Question 3 (3 marks)

You want to build 75  $\Omega$  air-dielectric co-ax cable using 12-AWG (2mm diameter) wire as the center conductor and copper tubing for the shield. What diameter tubing will you need?

#### Question 4 (5 marks)

- (a) A channel has a brick-wall frequency response from 0 to 4 kHz. The noise power at the output of the channel is 0 dBm. What is the minimum output signal power, in dBm, that would allow error-free transmission at a rate of 16 kbs?
- (b) What is the maximum rate at which symbols could be sent over this channel without intersymbol interference?

Extra Paper 0 1

Extra Paper 1

A00123456

Each exam is equally difficult. Answer your own exam.

# MID-TERM EXAMINATION 9:30 – 10:20 AM October 29, 2014

This exam has four (4) questions on one (1) page. The marks for each question are as indicated. There are a total of 15 marks. Answer all questions. Write your answers in the exam book provided. Show your work. Numerical answers must include units. You may answer the questions in any order. Books and notes are allowed. No electronic devices other than calculators are allowed. You may keep this exam paper.

Show your work.

# Question 1 (2 marks)

A communication system transmits data continuously, one byte immediately after another, using the RS-232 serial interface standard. The interface uses 8 data bits and no parity bit. Assuming a bit rate of 9600 bps and no errors, what is the throughput in bits/s?

#### Question 2 (5 marks)

- (a) The amplifier for a satellite communication system amplifies frequencies between 12.1 GHz and 12.125 GHz. Does the amplifier represent a low-pass, band-pass or high-pass channel?
- (b) A 7  $\mu$ V input to an amplifier results in an output of 0 dBm. All impedances are 50  $\Omega$ . What is the gain of the amplifier in dB?
- (c) The input to a channel consists of a 1 kHz sine wave. The output contains power at 1 and 3 kHz. Is this a linear channel? *Briefly* explain why or why not.
- (d) You measure the voltages on two of the pins of a disconnected RS-232 interface. The RTS pin reads 0 V and DSR reads 5 V . Is this a DTE or DCE interface?

#### Question 3 (3 marks)

You want to build  $50 \Omega$  air-dielectric co-ax cable using 12-AWG (2mm diameter) wire as the center conductor and copper tubing for the shield. What diameter tubing will you need?

#### Question 4 (5 marks)

- (a) A channel has a brick-wall frequency response from 0 to 3 kHz. The noise power at the output of the channel is 0 dBm. What is the minimum output signal power, in dBm, that would allow error-free transmission at a rate of 12 kbs?
- (b) What is the maximum rate at which symbols could be sent over this channel without intersymbol interference?

Extra Paper 1

**Anthony Marryatt** 

A00825420

Each exam is equally difficult. Answer your own exam.

# MID-TERM EXAMINATION 9:30 – 10:20 AM October 29, 2014

This exam has four (4) questions on one (1) page. The marks for each question are as indicated. There are a total of 15 marks. Answer all questions. Write your answers in the exam book provided. Show your work. Numerical answers must include units. You may answer the questions in any order. Books and notes are allowed. No electronic devices other than calculators are allowed. You may keep this exam paper.

Show your work.

# Question 1 (2 marks)

A communication system transmits data continuously, one byte immediately after another, using the RS-232 serial interface standard. The interface uses 8 data bits and no parity bit. Assuming a bit rate of 9600 bps and no errors, what is the throughput in bits/s?

### Question 2 (5 marks)

- (a) The amplifier for an audio intercom amplifies frequencies between DC and 20 kHz. Does the amplifier represent a low-pass, band-pass or high-pass channel?
- (b) A 7  $\mu$ V input to an amplifier results in an output of 0 dBm. All impedances are 50  $\Omega$ . What is the gain of the amplifier in dB?
- (c) The input to a channel consists of a 1 kHz sine wave. The output contains power at 1 and 3 kHz. Is this a linear channel? *Briefly* explain why or why not.
- (d) You measure the voltages on two of the pins of a disconnected RS-232 interface. The CTS pin reads 0 V and DTR reads 5 V. Is this a DTE or DCE interface?

#### Question 3 (3 marks)

You want to build 75  $\Omega$  air-dielectric co-ax cable using 12-AWG (2mm diameter) wire as the center conductor and copper tubing for the shield. What diameter tubing will you need?

#### Question 4 (5 marks)

- (a) A channel has a brick-wall frequency response from 0 to 3 kHz. The noise power at the output of the channel is 0 dBm. What is the minimum output signal power, in dBm, that would allow error-free transmission at a rate of 12 kbs?
- (b) What is the maximum rate at which symbols could be sent over this channel without intersymbol interference?

Anthony Marryatt 1

Ching Tung Chang

A00885579

Each exam is equally difficult. Answer your own exam.

# MID-TERM EXAMINATION 9:30 – 10:20 AM October 29, 2014

This exam has four (4) questions on one (1) page. The marks for each question are as indicated. There are a total of 15 marks. Answer all questions. Write your answers in the exam book provided. Show your work. Numerical answers must include units. You may answer the questions in any order. Books and notes are allowed. No electronic devices other than calculators are allowed. You may keep this exam paper.

Show your work.

# Question 1 (2 marks)

A communication system transmits data continuously, one byte immediately after another, using the RS-232 serial interface standard. The interface uses 7 data bits and one parity bit. Assuming a bit rate of 4800 bps and no errors, what is the throughput in bits/s?

### Question 2 (5 marks)

- (a) The amplifier for a satellite communication system amplifies frequencies between 12.1 GHz and 12.125 GHz. Does the amplifier represent a low-pass, band-pass or high-pass channel?
- (b) A 7 mV input to an amplifier results in an output of 0 dBm. All impedances are 50  $\Omega$ . What is the gain of the amplifier in dB?
- (c) The input to a channel consists of a 1 kHz sine wave. The output contains power at 1 and 3 kHz. Is this a linear channel? *Briefly* explain why or why not.
- (d) You measure the voltages on two of the pins of a disconnected RS-232 interface. The RTS pin reads 0 V and DSR reads 5 V . Is this a DTE or DCE interface?

#### Question 3 (3 marks)

You want to build  $50 \Omega$  air-dielectric co-ax cable using 12-AWG (2mm diameter) wire as the center conductor and copper tubing for the shield. What diameter tubing will you need?

#### Question 4 (5 marks)

- (a) A channel has a brick-wall frequency response from 0 to 4 kHz. The noise power at the output of the channel is 0 dBm. What is the minimum output signal power, in dBm, that would allow error-free transmission at a rate of 16 kbs?
- (b) What is the maximum rate at which symbols could be sent over this channel without intersymbol interference?

Ching Tung Chang

Eun Suk Shin

A00749281

Each exam is equally difficult. Answer your own exam.

# MID-TERM EXAMINATION 9:30 – 10:20 AM October 29, 2014

This exam has four (4) questions on one (1) page. The marks for each question are as indicated. There are a total of 15 marks. Answer all questions. Write your answers in the exam book provided. Show your work. Numerical answers must include units. You may answer the questions in any order. Books and notes are allowed. No electronic devices other than calculators are allowed. You may keep this exam paper.

Show your work.

# Question 1 (2 marks)

A communication system transmits data continuously, one byte immediately after another, using the RS-232 serial interface standard. The interface uses 8 data bits and no parity bit. Assuming a bit rate of 9600 bps and no errors, what is the throughput in bits/s?

### Question 2 (5 marks)

- (a) The amplifier for a satellite communication system amplifies frequencies between 12.1 GHz and 12.125 GHz. Does the amplifier represent a low-pass, band-pass or high-pass channel?
- (b) A 7  $\mu$ V input to an amplifier results in an output of 0 dBm. All impedances are 50  $\Omega$ . What is the gain of the amplifier in dB?
- (c) The input to a channel consists of a 1 kHz sine wave. The output contains power at 1 and 3 kHz. Is this a linear channel? *Briefly* explain why or why not.
- (d) You measure the voltages on two of the pins of a disconnected RS-232 interface. The RTS pin reads 0 V and DSR reads 5 V . Is this a DTE or DCE interface?

#### Question 3 (3 marks)

You want to build  $50 \Omega$  air-dielectric co-ax cable using 12-AWG (2mm diameter) wire as the center conductor and copper tubing for the shield. What diameter tubing will you need?

#### Question 4 (5 marks)

- (a) A channel has a brick-wall frequency response from 0 to 3 kHz. The noise power at the output of the channel is 0 dBm. What is the minimum output signal power, in dBm, that would allow error-free transmission at a rate of 12 kbs?
- (b) What is the maximum rate at which symbols could be sent over this channel without intersymbol interference?

Eun Suk Shin

Extra Paper

A00123456

Each exam is equally difficult. Answer your own exam.

# MID-TERM EXAMINATION 9:30 – 10:20 AM October 29, 2014

This exam has four (4) questions on one (1) page. The marks for each question are as indicated. There are a total of 15 marks. Answer all questions. Write your answers in the exam book provided. Show your work. Numerical answers must include units. You may answer the questions in any order. Books and notes are allowed. No electronic devices other than calculators are allowed. You may keep this exam paper.

Show your work.

### Question 1 (2 marks)

A communication system transmits data continuously, one byte immediately after another, using the RS-232 serial interface standard. The interface uses 7 data bits and one parity bit. Assuming a bit rate of 4800 bps and no errors, what is the throughput in bits/s?

### Question 2 (5 marks)

- (a) The amplifier for an audio intercom amplifies frequencies between DC and 20 kHz. Does the amplifier represent a low-pass, band-pass or high-pass channel?
- (b) A 7 mV input to an amplifier results in an output of 0 dBm. All impedances are 50  $\Omega$ . What is the gain of the amplifier in dB?
- (c) The input to a channel consists of a 1 kHz sine wave. The output contains power at 1 and 3 kHz. Is this a linear channel? *Briefly* explain why or why not.
- (d) You measure the voltages on two of the pins of a disconnected RS-232 interface. The CTS pin reads 0 V and DTR reads 5 V . Is this a DTE or DCE interface?

#### Question 3 (3 marks)

You want to build 75  $\Omega$  air-dielectric co-ax cable using 12-AWG (2mm diameter) wire as the center conductor and copper tubing for the shield. What diameter tubing will you need?

#### Question 4 (5 marks)

- (a) A channel has a brick-wall frequency response from 0 to 4 kHz. The noise power at the output of the channel is 0 dBm. What is the minimum output signal power, in dBm, that would allow error-free transmission at a rate of 16 kbs?
- (b) What is the maximum rate at which symbols could be sent over this channel without intersymbol interference?

Extra Paper 1

Gurjeet Saini

A00800183

Each exam is equally difficult. Answer your own exam.

# MID-TERM EXAMINATION 9:30 – 10:20 AM October 29, 2014

This exam has four (4) questions on one (1) page. The marks for each question are as indicated. There are a total of 15 marks. Answer all questions. Write your answers in the exam book provided. Show your work. Numerical answers must include units. You may answer the questions in any order. Books and notes are allowed. No electronic devices other than calculators are allowed. You may keep this exam paper.

Show your work.

### Question 1 (2 marks)

A communication system transmits data continuously, one byte immediately after another, using the RS-232 serial interface standard. The interface uses 8 data bits and no parity bit. Assuming a bit rate of 9600 bps and no errors, what is the throughput in bits/s?

### Question 2 (5 marks)

- (a) The amplifier for an audio intercom amplifies frequencies between DC and 20 kHz. Does the amplifier represent a low-pass, band-pass or high-pass channel?
- (b) A 7  $\mu$ V input to an amplifier results in an output of 0 dBm. All impedances are 50  $\Omega$ . What is the gain of the amplifier in dB?
- (c) The input to a channel consists of a 1 kHz sine wave. The output contains power at 1 and 3 kHz. Is this a linear channel? *Briefly* explain why or why not.
- (d) You measure the voltages on two of the pins of a disconnected RS-232 interface. The CTS pin reads 0 V and DTR reads 5 V. Is this a DTE or DCE interface?

#### Question 3 (3 marks)

You want to build 75  $\Omega$  air-dielectric co-ax cable using 12-AWG (2mm diameter) wire as the center conductor and copper tubing for the shield. What diameter tubing will you need?

#### Question 4 (5 marks)

- (a) A channel has a brick-wall frequency response from 0 to 3 kHz. The noise power at the output of the channel is 0 dBm. What is the minimum output signal power, in dBm, that would allow error-free transmission at a rate of 12 kbs?
- (b) What is the maximum rate at which symbols could be sent over this channel without intersymbol interference?

Gurjeet Saini

Jian Zong Li

A00780597

Each exam is equally difficult. Answer your own exam.

# MID-TERM EXAMINATION 9:30 – 10:20 AM October 29, 2014

This exam has four (4) questions on one (1) page. The marks for each question are as indicated. There are a total of 15 marks. Answer all questions. Write your answers in the exam book provided. Show your work. Numerical answers must include units. You may answer the questions in any order. Books and notes are allowed. No electronic devices other than calculators are allowed. You may keep this exam paper.

Show your work.

# Question 1 (2 marks)

A communication system transmits data continuously, one byte immediately after another, using the RS-232 serial interface standard. The interface uses 7 data bits and one parity bit. Assuming a bit rate of 4800 bps and no errors, what is the throughput in bits/s?

### Question 2 (5 marks)

- (a) The amplifier for a satellite communication system amplifies frequencies between 12.1 GHz and 12.125 GHz. Does the amplifier represent a low-pass, band-pass or high-pass channel?
- (b) A 7 mV input to an amplifier results in an output of 0 dBm. All impedances are 50  $\Omega$ . What is the gain of the amplifier in dB?
- (c) The input to a channel consists of a 1 kHz sine wave. The output contains power at 1 and 3 kHz. Is this a linear channel? *Briefly* explain why or why not.
- (d) You measure the voltages on two of the pins of a disconnected RS-232 interface. The RTS pin reads 0 V and DSR reads 5 V . Is this a DTE or DCE interface?

#### Question 3 (3 marks)

You want to build  $50 \Omega$  air-dielectric co-ax cable using 12-AWG (2mm diameter) wire as the center conductor and copper tubing for the shield. What diameter tubing will you need?

#### Question 4 (5 marks)

- (a) A channel has a brick-wall frequency response from 0 to 4 kHz. The noise power at the output of the channel is 0 dBm. What is the minimum output signal power, in dBm, that would allow error-free transmission at a rate of 16 kbs?
- (b) What is the maximum rate at which symbols could be sent over this channel without intersymbol interference?

Jian Zong Li 1

Jonathan Warkentin

A00271624

Each exam is equally difficult. Answer your own exam.

# MID-TERM EXAMINATION 9:30 – 10:20 AM October 29, 2014

This exam has four (4) questions on one (1) page. The marks for each question are as indicated. There are a total of 15 marks. Answer all questions. Write your answers in the exam book provided. Show your work. Numerical answers must include units. You may answer the questions in any order. Books and notes are allowed. No electronic devices other than calculators are allowed. You may keep this exam paper.

Show your work.

### Question 1 (2 marks)

A communication system transmits data continuously, one byte immediately after another, using the RS-232 serial interface standard. The interface uses 8 data bits and no parity bit. Assuming a bit rate of 9600 bps and no errors, what is the throughput in bits/s?

### Question 2 (5 marks)

- (a) The amplifier for a satellite communication system amplifies frequencies between 12.1 GHz and 12.125 GHz. Does the amplifier represent a low-pass, band-pass or high-pass channel?
- (b) A 7  $\mu$ V input to an amplifier results in an output of 0 dBm. All impedances are 50  $\Omega$ . What is the gain of the amplifier in dB?
- (c) The input to a channel consists of a 1 kHz sine wave. The output contains power at 1 and 3 kHz. Is this a linear channel? *Briefly* explain why or why not.
- (d) You measure the voltages on two of the pins of a disconnected RS-232 interface. The RTS pin reads 0 V and DSR reads 5 V . Is this a DTE or DCE interface?

#### Question 3 (3 marks)

You want to build  $50 \Omega$  air-dielectric co-ax cable using 12-AWG (2mm diameter) wire as the center conductor and copper tubing for the shield. What diameter tubing will you need?

#### Question 4 (5 marks)

- (a) A channel has a brick-wall frequency response from 0 to 3 kHz. The noise power at the output of the channel is 0 dBm. What is the minimum output signal power, in dBm, that would allow error-free transmission at a rate of 12 kbs?
- (b) What is the maximum rate at which symbols could be sent over this channel without intersymbol interference?

Jonathan Warkentin

Lee Watts

A00787410

Each exam is equally difficult. Answer your own exam.

# MID-TERM EXAMINATION 9:30 – 10:20 AM October 29, 2014

This exam has four (4) questions on one (1) page. The marks for each question are as indicated. There are a total of 15 marks. Answer all questions. Write your answers in the exam book provided. Show your work. Numerical answers must include units. You may answer the questions in any order. Books and notes are allowed. No electronic devices other than calculators are allowed. You may keep this exam paper.

Show your work.

## Question 1 (2 marks)

A communication system transmits data continuously, one byte immediately after another, using the RS-232 serial interface standard. The interface uses 7 data bits and one parity bit. Assuming a bit rate of 4800 bps and no errors, what is the throughput in bits/s?

## Question 2 (5 marks)

- (a) The amplifier for an audio intercom amplifies frequencies between DC and 20 kHz. Does the amplifier represent a low-pass, band-pass or high-pass channel?
- (b) A 7 mV input to an amplifier results in an output of 0 dBm. All impedances are 50  $\Omega$ . What is the gain of the amplifier in dB?
- (c) The input to a channel consists of a 1 kHz sine wave. The output contains power at 1 and 3 kHz. Is this a linear channel? *Briefly* explain why or why not.
- (d) You measure the voltages on two of the pins of a disconnected RS-232 interface. The CTS pin reads 0 V and DTR reads 5 V. Is this a DTE or DCE interface?

#### Question 3 (3 marks)

You want to build 75  $\Omega$  air-dielectric co-ax cable using 12-AWG (2mm diameter) wire as the center conductor and copper tubing for the shield. What diameter tubing will you need?

#### Question 4 (5 marks)

- (a) A channel has a brick-wall frequency response from 0 to 4 kHz. The noise power at the output of the channel is 0 dBm. What is the minimum output signal power, in dBm, that would allow error-free transmission at a rate of 16 kbs?
- (b) What is the maximum rate at which symbols could be sent over this channel without intersymbol interference?

Lee Watts

Marc Eldwin Mandal

A00855945

Each exam is equally difficult. Answer your own exam.

# MID-TERM EXAMINATION 9:30 – 10:20 AM October 29, 2014

This exam has four (4) questions on one (1) page. The marks for each question are as indicated. There are a total of 15 marks. Answer all questions. Write your answers in the exam book provided. Show your work. Numerical answers must include units. You may answer the questions in any order. Books and notes are allowed. No electronic devices other than calculators are allowed. You may keep this exam paper.

Show your work.

# Question 1 (2 marks)

A communication system transmits data continuously, one byte immediately after another, using the RS-232 serial interface standard. The interface uses 8 data bits and no parity bit. Assuming a bit rate of 9600 bps and no errors, what is the throughput in bits/s?

## Question 2 (5 marks)

- (a) The amplifier for an audio intercom amplifies frequencies between DC and 20 kHz. Does the amplifier represent a low-pass, band-pass or high-pass channel?
- (b) A 7  $\mu$ V input to an amplifier results in an output of 0 dBm. All impedances are 50  $\Omega$ . What is the gain of the amplifier in dB?
- (c) The input to a channel consists of a 1 kHz sine wave. The output contains power at 1 and 3 kHz. Is this a linear channel? *Briefly* explain why or why not.
- (d) You measure the voltages on two of the pins of a disconnected RS-232 interface. The CTS pin reads 0 V and DTR reads 5 V. Is this a DTE or DCE interface?

#### Question 3 (3 marks)

You want to build 75  $\Omega$  air-dielectric co-ax cable using 12-AWG (2mm diameter) wire as the center conductor and copper tubing for the shield. What diameter tubing will you need?

#### Question 4 (5 marks)

- (a) A channel has a brick-wall frequency response from 0 to 3 kHz. The noise power at the output of the channel is 0 dBm. What is the minimum output signal power, in dBm, that would allow error-free transmission at a rate of 12 kbs?
- (b) What is the maximum rate at which symbols could be sent over this channel without intersymbol interference?

Marc Eldwin Mandal

Maurice Paolo Torio

A00861502

Each exam is equally difficult. Answer your own exam.

# MID-TERM EXAMINATION 9:30 – 10:20 AM October 29, 2014

This exam has four (4) questions on one (1) page. The marks for each question are as indicated. There are a total of 15 marks. Answer all questions. Write your answers in the exam book provided. Show your work. Numerical answers must include units. You may answer the questions in any order. Books and notes are allowed. No electronic devices other than calculators are allowed. You may keep this exam paper.

Show your work.

## Question 1 (2 marks)

A communication system transmits data continuously, one byte immediately after another, using the RS-232 serial interface standard. The interface uses 7 data bits and one parity bit. Assuming a bit rate of 4800 bps and no errors, what is the throughput in bits/s?

## Question 2 (5 marks)

- (a) The amplifier for a satellite communication system amplifies frequencies between 12.1 GHz and 12.125 GHz. Does the amplifier represent a low-pass, band-pass or high-pass channel?
- (b) A 7 mV input to an amplifier results in an output of 0 dBm. All impedances are 50  $\Omega$ . What is the gain of the amplifier in dB?
- (c) The input to a channel consists of a 1 kHz sine wave. The output contains power at 1 and 3 kHz. Is this a linear channel? *Briefly* explain why or why not.
- (d) You measure the voltages on two of the pins of a disconnected RS-232 interface. The RTS pin reads 0 V and DSR reads 5 V . Is this a DTE or DCE interface?

#### Question 3 (3 marks)

You want to build  $50 \Omega$  air-dielectric co-ax cable using 12-AWG (2mm diameter) wire as the center conductor and copper tubing for the shield. What diameter tubing will you need?

#### Question 4 (5 marks)

- (a) A channel has a brick-wall frequency response from 0 to 4 kHz. The noise power at the output of the channel is 0 dBm. What is the minimum output signal power, in dBm, that would allow error-free transmission at a rate of 16 kbs?
- (b) What is the maximum rate at which symbols could be sent over this channel without intersymbol interference?

Maurice Paolo Torio

# Mohammad Sajed Foroughi Jahromi

A00858972

Each exam is equally difficult. Answer your own exam.

# MID-TERM EXAMINATION 9:30 – 10:20 AM October 29, 2014

This exam has four (4) questions on one (1) page. The marks for each question are as indicated. There are a total of 15 marks. Answer all questions. Write your answers in the exam book provided. Show your work. Numerical answers must include units. You may answer the questions in any order. Books and notes are allowed. No electronic devices other than calculators are allowed. You may keep this exam paper.

Show your work.

## Question 1 (2 marks)

A communication system transmits data continuously, one byte immediately after another, using the RS-232 serial interface standard. The interface uses 8 data bits and no parity bit. Assuming a bit rate of 9600 bps and no errors, what is the throughput in bits/s?

## Question 2 (5 marks)

- (a) The amplifier for a satellite communication system amplifies frequencies between 12.1 GHz and 12.125 GHz. Does the amplifier represent a low-pass, band-pass or high-pass channel?
- (b) A 7  $\mu$ V input to an amplifier results in an output of 0 dBm. All impedances are 50  $\Omega$ . What is the gain of the amplifier in dB?
- (c) The input to a channel consists of a 1 kHz sine wave. The output contains power at 1 and 3 kHz. Is this a linear channel? *Briefly* explain why or why not.
- (d) You measure the voltages on two of the pins of a disconnected RS-232 interface. The RTS pin reads 0 V and DSR reads 5 V . Is this a DTE or DCE interface?

#### Question 3 (3 marks)

You want to build  $50 \Omega$  air-dielectric co-ax cable using 12-AWG (2mm diameter) wire as the center conductor and copper tubing for the shield. What diameter tubing will you need?

#### Question 4 (5 marks)

- (a) A channel has a brick-wall frequency response from 0 to 3 kHz. The noise power at the output of the channel is 0 dBm. What is the minimum output signal power, in dBm, that would allow error-free transmission at a rate of 12 kbs?
- (b) What is the maximum rate at which symbols could be sent over this channel without intersymbol interference?

Philip Jurkiewicz

A00809614

Each exam is equally difficult. Answer your own exam.

# MID-TERM EXAMINATION 9:30 – 10:20 AM October 29, 2014

This exam has four (4) questions on one (1) page. The marks for each question are as indicated. There are a total of 15 marks. Answer all questions. Write your answers in the exam book provided. Show your work. Numerical answers must include units. You may answer the questions in any order. Books and notes are allowed. No electronic devices other than calculators are allowed. You may keep this exam paper.

Show your work.

# Question 1 (2 marks)

A communication system transmits data continuously, one byte immediately after another, using the RS-232 serial interface standard. The interface uses 7 data bits and one parity bit. Assuming a bit rate of 4800 bps and no errors, what is the throughput in bits/s?

## Question 2 (5 marks)

- (a) The amplifier for an audio intercom amplifies frequencies between DC and 20 kHz. Does the amplifier represent a low-pass, band-pass or high-pass channel?
- (b) A 7 mV input to an amplifier results in an output of 0 dBm. All impedances are 50  $\Omega$ . What is the gain of the amplifier in dB?
- (c) The input to a channel consists of a 1 kHz sine wave. The output contains power at 1 and 3 kHz. Is this a linear channel? *Briefly* explain why or why not.
- (d) You measure the voltages on two of the pins of a disconnected RS-232 interface. The CTS pin reads 0 V and DTR reads 5 V. Is this a DTE or DCE interface?

#### Question 3 (3 marks)

You want to build 75  $\Omega$  air-dielectric co-ax cable using 12-AWG (2mm diameter) wire as the center conductor and copper tubing for the shield. What diameter tubing will you need?

#### Question 4 (5 marks)

- (a) A channel has a brick-wall frequency response from 0 to 4 kHz. The noise power at the output of the channel is 0 dBm. What is the minimum output signal power, in dBm, that would allow error-free transmission at a rate of 16 kbs?
- (b) What is the maximum rate at which symbols could be sent over this channel without intersymbol interference?

Philip Jurkiewicz 1

Puneet Bhathal

A00742758

Each exam is equally difficult. Answer your own exam.

# MID-TERM EXAMINATION 9:30 – 10:20 AM October 29, 2014

This exam has four (4) questions on one (1) page. The marks for each question are as indicated. There are a total of 15 marks. Answer all questions. Write your answers in the exam book provided. Show your work. Numerical answers must include units. You may answer the questions in any order. Books and notes are allowed. No electronic devices other than calculators are allowed. You may keep this exam paper.

Show your work.

# Question 1 (2 marks)

A communication system transmits data continuously, one byte immediately after another, using the RS-232 serial interface standard. The interface uses 8 data bits and no parity bit. Assuming a bit rate of 9600 bps and no errors, what is the throughput in bits/s?

## Question 2 (5 marks)

- (a) The amplifier for an audio intercom amplifies frequencies between DC and 20 kHz. Does the amplifier represent a low-pass, band-pass or high-pass channel?
- (b) A 7  $\mu$ V input to an amplifier results in an output of 0 dBm. All impedances are 50  $\Omega$ . What is the gain of the amplifier in dB?
- (c) The input to a channel consists of a 1 kHz sine wave. The output contains power at 1 and 3 kHz. Is this a linear channel? *Briefly* explain why or why not.
- (d) You measure the voltages on two of the pins of a disconnected RS-232 interface. The CTS pin reads 0 V and DTR reads 5 V. Is this a DTE or DCE interface?

#### Question 3 (3 marks)

You want to build 75  $\Omega$  air-dielectric co-ax cable using 12-AWG (2mm diameter) wire as the center conductor and copper tubing for the shield. What diameter tubing will you need?

#### Question 4 (5 marks)

- (a) A channel has a brick-wall frequency response from 0 to 3 kHz. The noise power at the output of the channel is 0 dBm. What is the minimum output signal power, in dBm, that would allow error-free transmission at a rate of 12 kbs?
- (b) What is the maximum rate at which symbols could be sent over this channel without intersymbol interference?

Puneet Bhathal

Widya Ningsih

A00858111

Each exam is equally difficult. Answer your own exam.

# MID-TERM EXAMINATION 9:30 – 10:20 AM October 29, 2014

This exam has four (4) questions on one (1) page. The marks for each question are as indicated. There are a total of 15 marks. Answer all questions. Write your answers in the exam book provided. Show your work. Numerical answers must include units. You may answer the questions in any order. Books and notes are allowed. No electronic devices other than calculators are allowed. You may keep this exam paper.

Show your work.

#### Question 1 (2 marks)

A communication system transmits data continuously, one byte immediately after another, using the RS-232 serial interface standard. The interface uses 7 data bits and one parity bit. Assuming a bit rate of 4800 bps and no errors, what is the throughput in bits/s?

## Question 2 (5 marks)

- (a) The amplifier for a satellite communication system amplifies frequencies between 12.1 GHz and 12.125 GHz. Does the amplifier represent a low-pass, band-pass or high-pass channel?
- (b) A 7 mV input to an amplifier results in an output of 0 dBm. All impedances are 50  $\Omega$ . What is the gain of the amplifier in dB?
- (c) The input to a channel consists of a 1 kHz sine wave. The output contains power at 1 and 3 kHz. Is this a linear channel? *Briefly* explain why or why not.
- (d) You measure the voltages on two of the pins of a disconnected RS-232 interface. The RTS pin reads 0 V and DSR reads 5 V . Is this a DTE or DCE interface?

#### Question 3 (3 marks)

You want to build  $50 \Omega$  air-dielectric co-ax cable using 12-AWG (2mm diameter) wire as the center conductor and copper tubing for the shield. What diameter tubing will you need?

#### Question 4 (5 marks)

- (a) A channel has a brick-wall frequency response from 0 to 4 kHz. The noise power at the output of the channel is 0 dBm. What is the minimum output signal power, in dBm, that would allow error-free transmission at a rate of 16 kbs?
- (b) What is the maximum rate at which symbols could be sent over this channel without intersymbol interference?

Widya Ningsih