

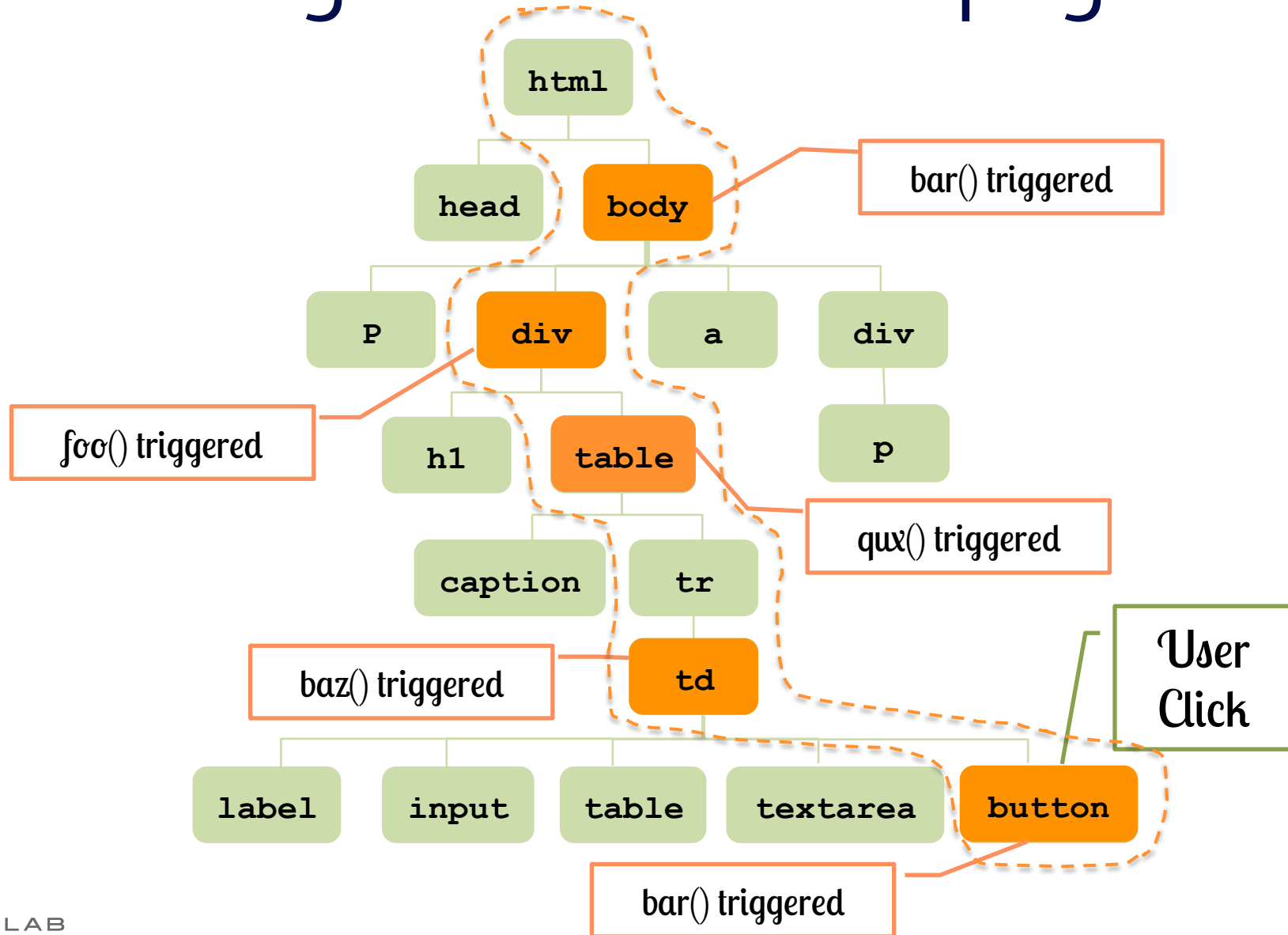
Understanding JavaScript Event-Based Interactions

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Motivation

- JavaScript
 - Widely used, very popular
 - Event driven, dynamic, asynchronous
- Difficult to understand the dynamic behavior and the control flow
 - Lower level events
 - Their interactions

Challenge 1: Event Propagation



Challenge 2: Asynchronous Events



Timeout for page expiry
Server request for login
Server response for login

Challenge 2: Asynchronous Events



Timeout for page expiry
Server **request** for login
Server **response** for login
Server **request**
Server **request**
Server **response**
Server **response**

Challenge 2: Asynchronous Events



Timeout for page expiry
Server **request** for login
Server **response** for login
Server **request**
Server **request**
Server **response**
Server **response**
Timeout for next image

Challenge 2: Asynchronous Events



Timeout for page expiry

Server **request** for login

Server **response** for login

Server **request**

Server **request**

Server **response**

Server **response**

Timeout for next image

Server **request** image

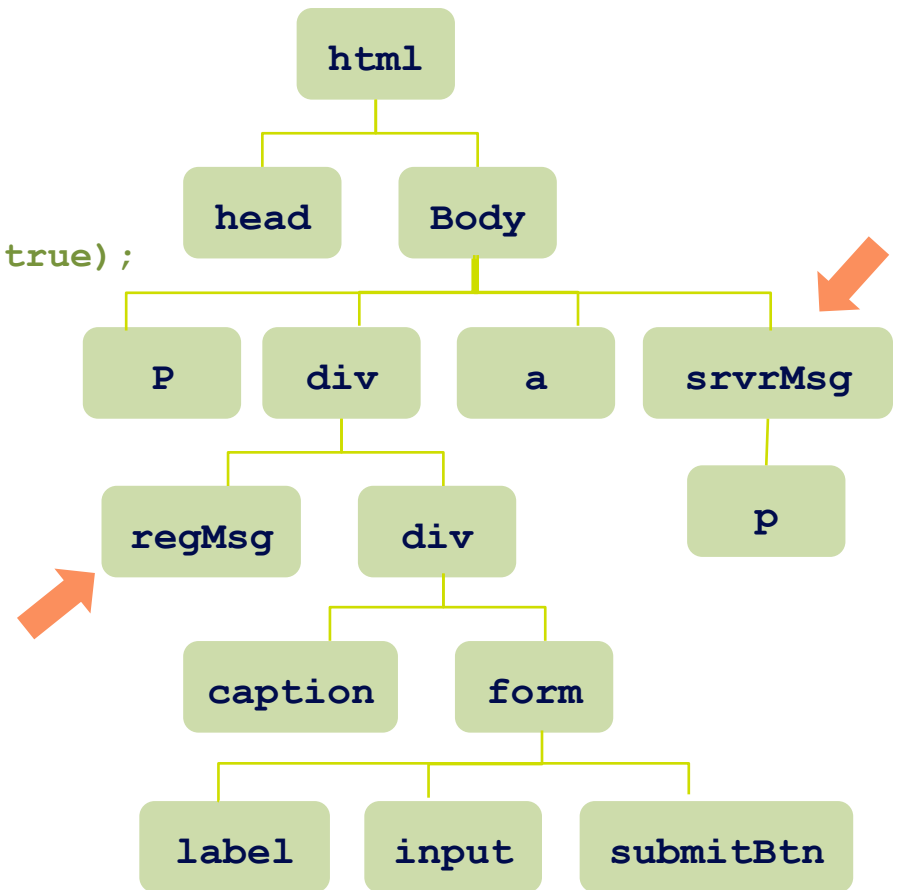
Server **response**

Timeout callback

Timeout callback page expiry

Challenge 3: DOM State

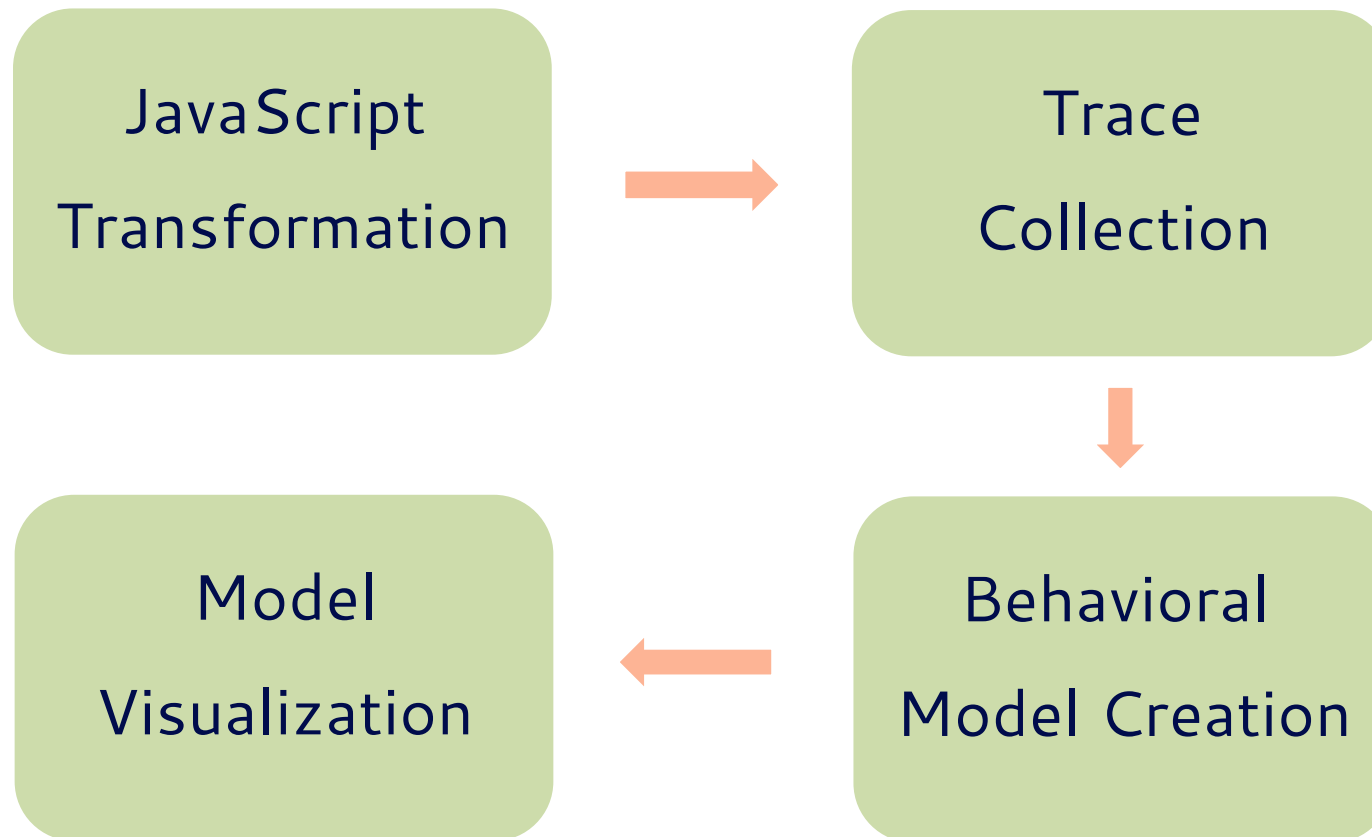
```
function submissionHandler(e) {  
    $('#regMsg').html("Submitted!");  
    var email = $('#email').val();  
    if (isEmailValid(email)) {  
        informServer(email);  
        $('#submitBtn').attr("disabled", true);  
    }  
}  
...  
function informServer(email) {  
    $.get('/register/', { email }  
        , function(data) {  
        $('#srvrMsg').append(data);  
    });  
}
```



Summary of Challenges

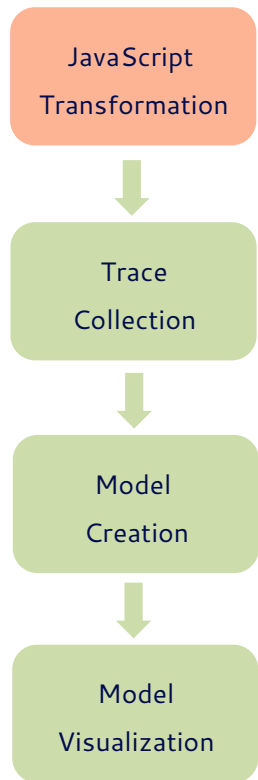
- Event propagation
- Asynchronous events
- Implications of events

Approach



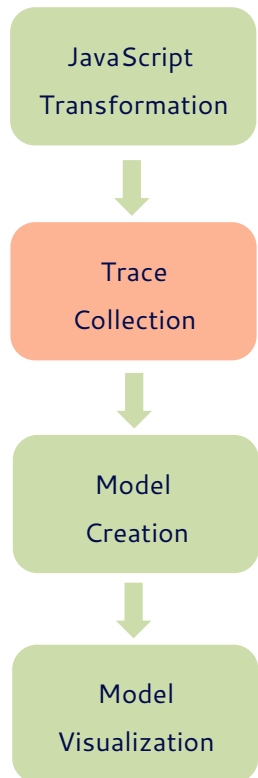
JavaScript Transformation

- Interposing on DOM events
- Capturing timeouts and XHRs
- Recording function traces
- Extracting DOM mutations



Trace Collection

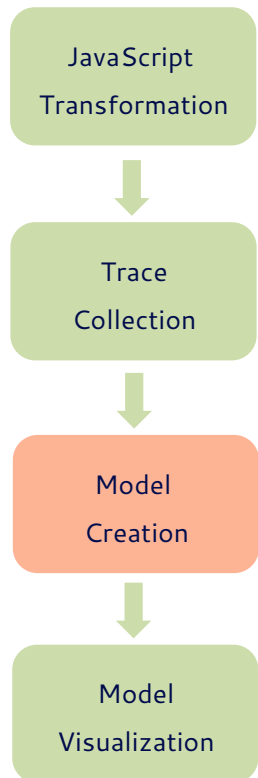
- Interposing on DOM events
- Capturing timeouts and XHRs
- Recording function traces
- Extracting DOM mutations



=> Detailed Trace

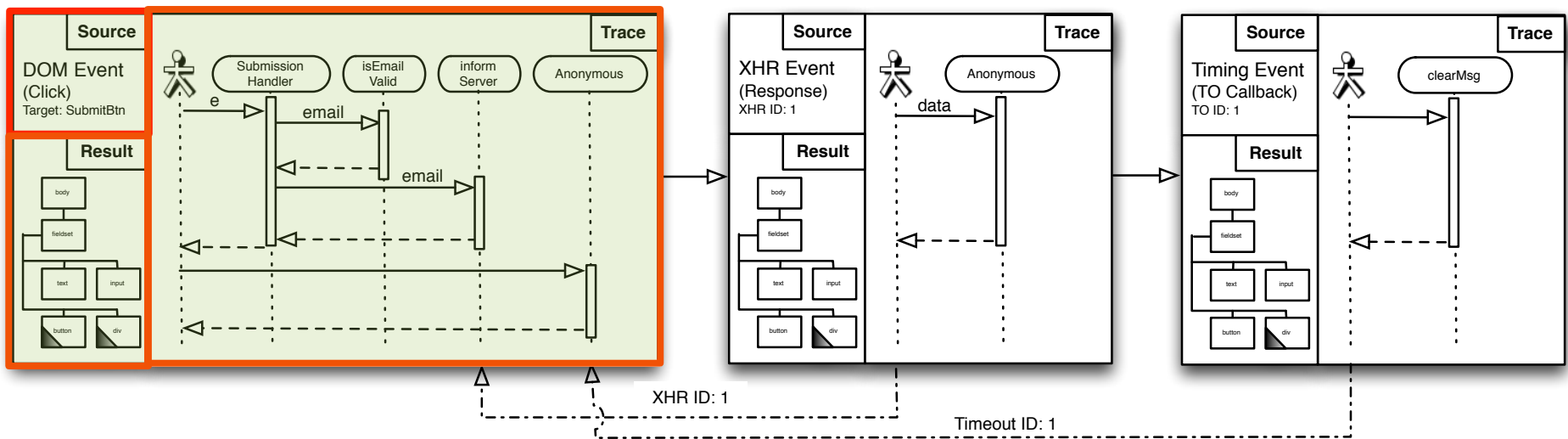
DOM events
functions
timeouts
XHRs
DOM mutations

Behavioral Model Creation



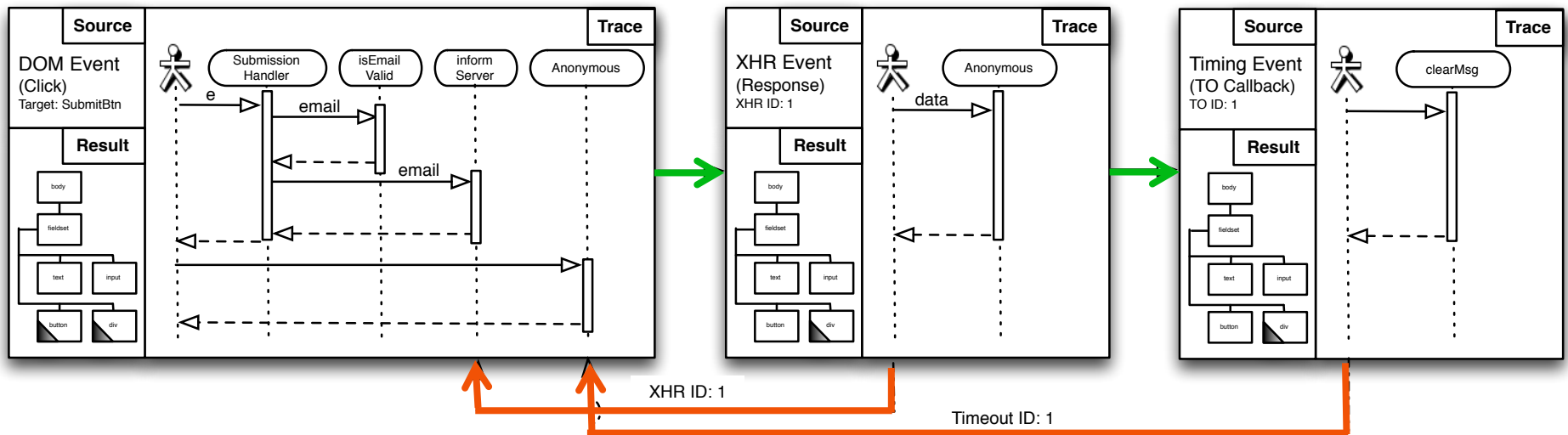
- Customized graph
- Nodes: episodes
- Links: temporal and causal

Model: Episodes



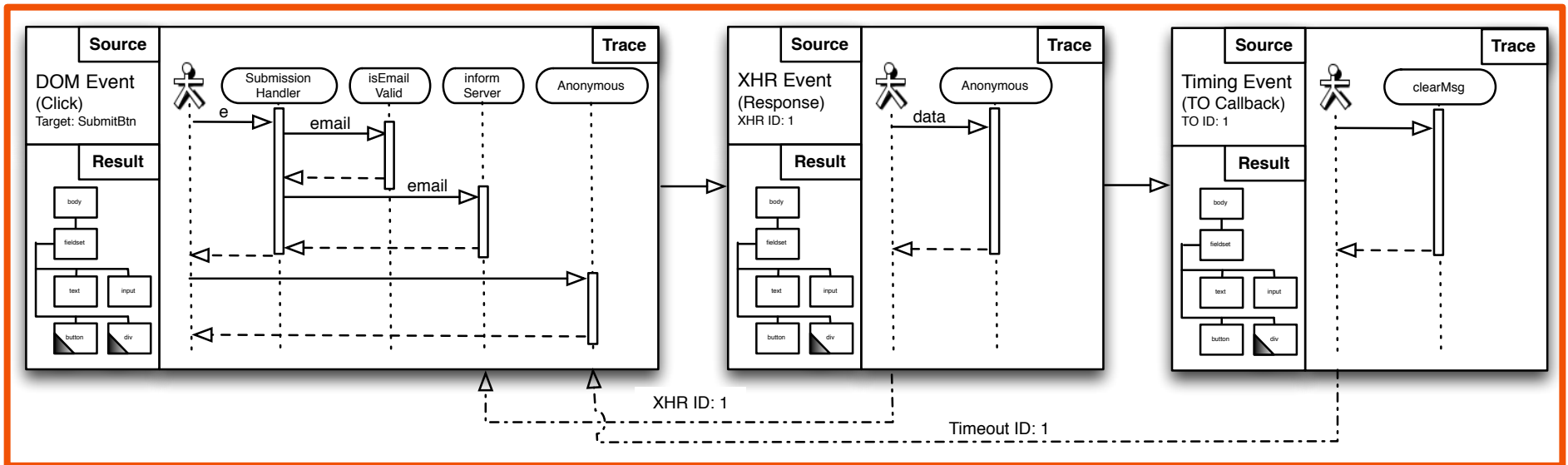
- A period of JavaScript execution
- Start and end points

Model: Links

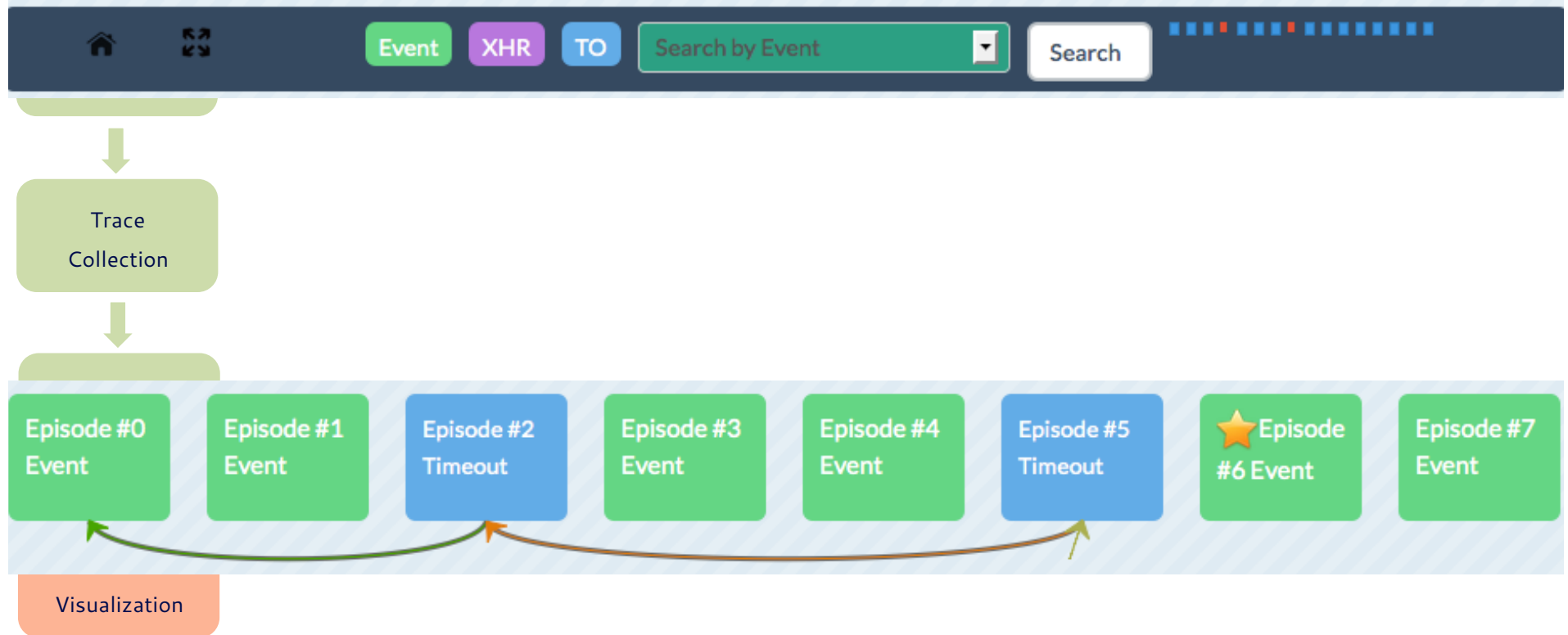


Temporal
Causal

Model: Story



Visualization: Overview



Visualization: Zoom Level 1

Navigation bar with icons for home, refresh, and zoom. Filter buttons for Event, XHR, and TO. A search input field with the text "Search by Event" and a search button. A progress indicator on the right.

Source
"click"

Trace

Event type:click	onclick()	ss_next()
ss_update()	hideElem(x)	dg(x)
inlineElem(x)	Event type:load	updateNumOfLoads()
storeUserInformation()	sendStatsToServer()	ss_loaddone()
onload()		

Dom Mutations

"text" "removed" "text" "removed" "text" "added"
"text" "added"

Episode #3
Event

Source
TO:0

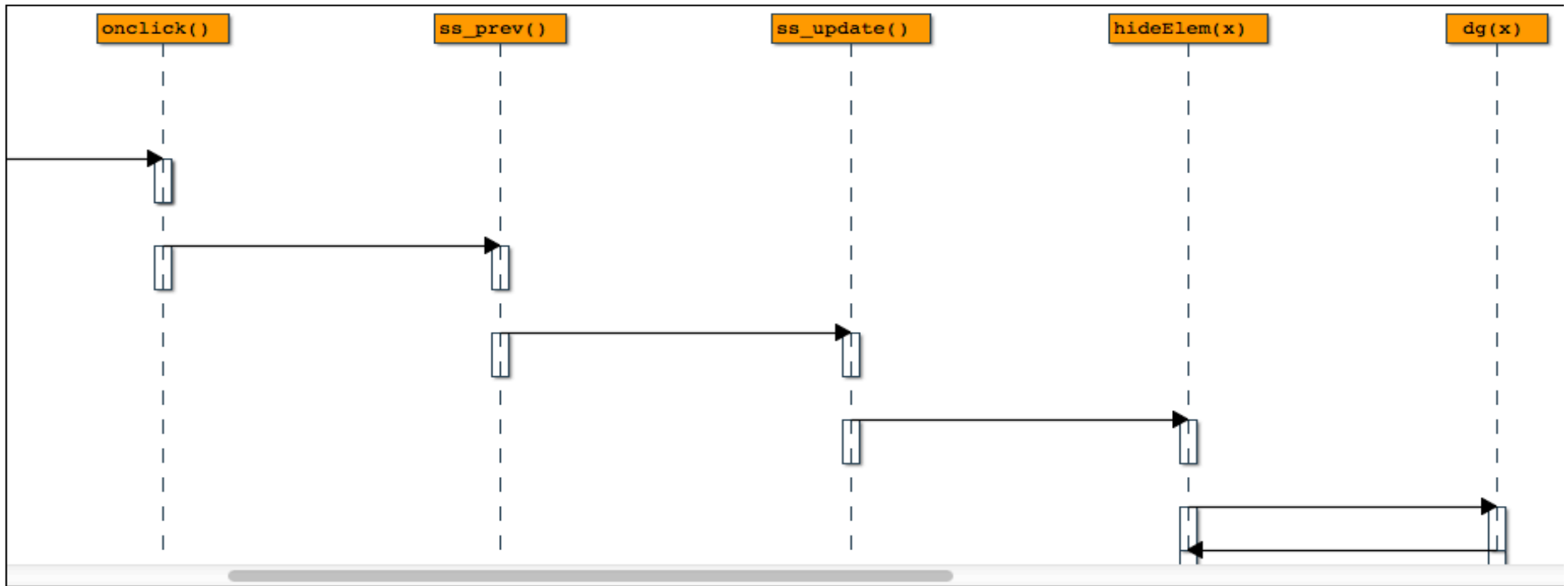
Trace

TID: 0	ss_slideshow()	ss_update()
hideElem(x)	dg(x)	inlineElem(x)
ss_run()	TID: 0	TID: 0
Event type:load	sts_data_collection()	updateNumOfLoads()
storeUserInformation()	sendStsToServer()	ss_loaddone()
onload()		

Episode #7
Event

Home Refresh Event XHR TO Search by Event Search

Episode 5 Event Type DOM mutations Trace of Episode 5



phorm.js

```

function ss_update() {
  ss_cur = Math.max(ss_cur, 0);

  if (ss_cur >= ss_date.length) {
    hideElem('ss_link2');
    showElem('ss_theend');
    ss_cur = ss_date.length;
    var a = dg('ss_n');
    a.innerHTML = "Final";
    if (ss_play)
      ss_playpause();
  }
}
  
```

Visualization: Zoom Level 2

Implementation

- **Clematis**

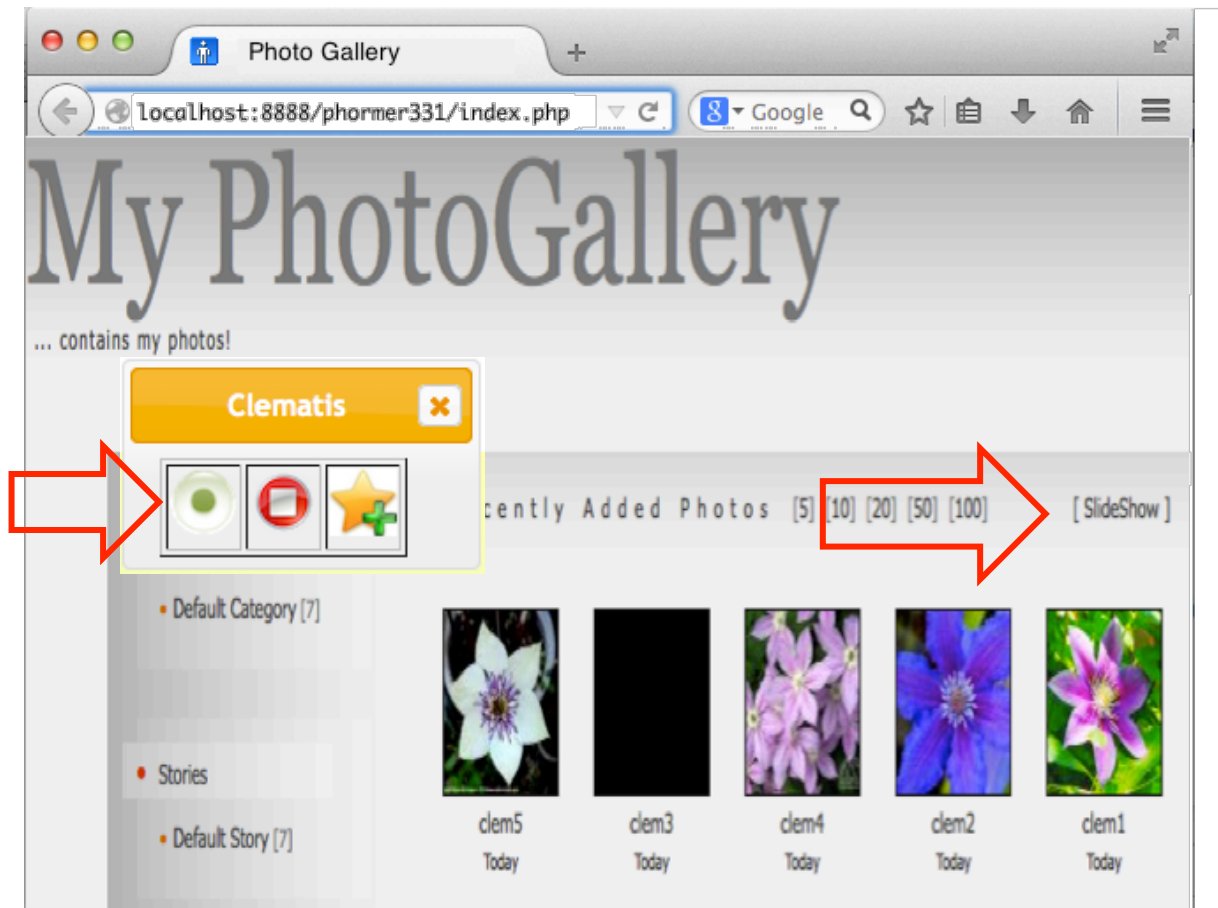
<https://github.com/saltlab/clematis>

- Languages: Java, JavaScript
- Transform JavaScript & inject toolbar via proxy
- Provide a RESTful API for retrieving data
- Render a web-based visualization

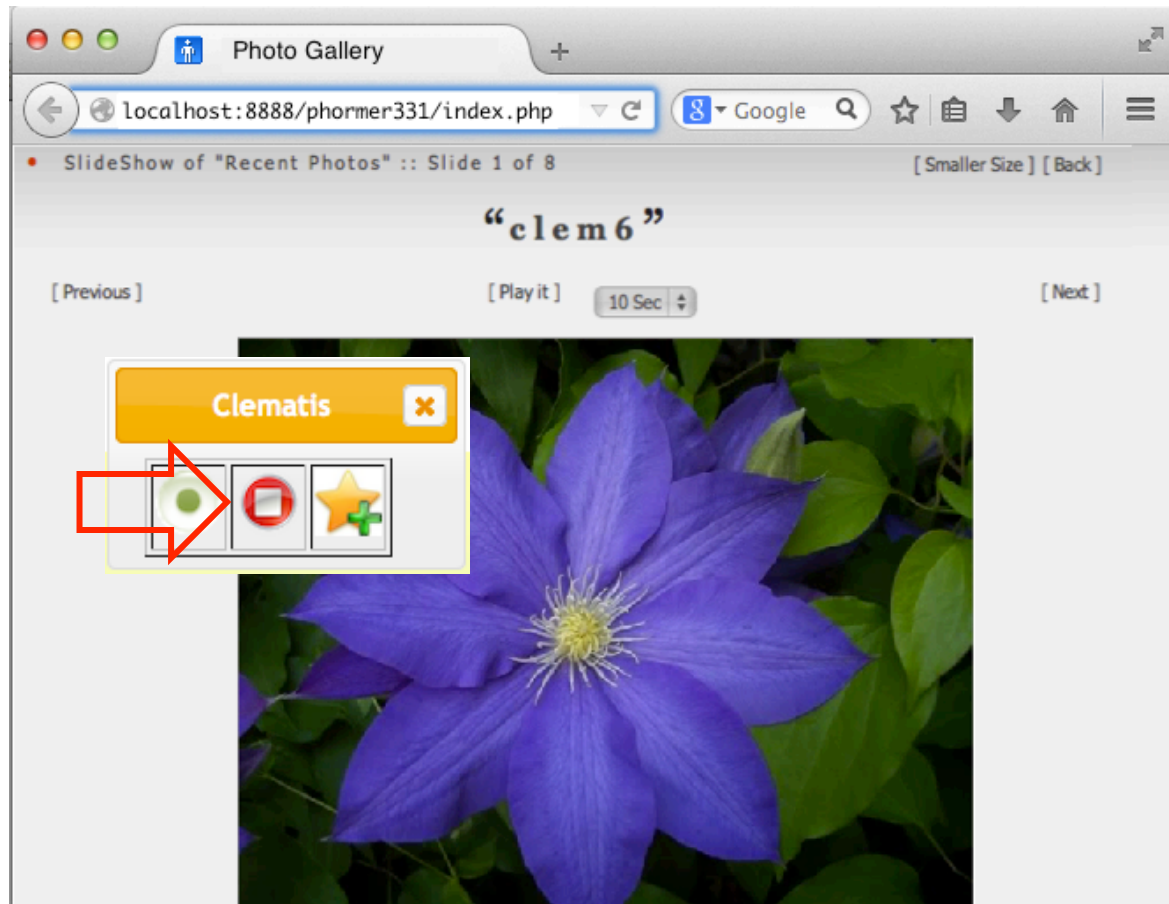
Usage Scenario



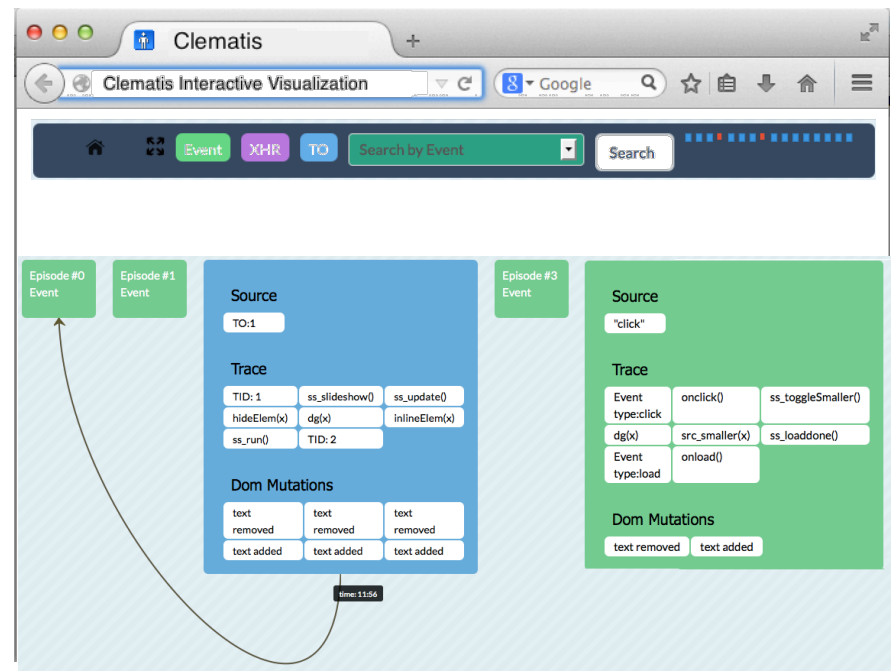
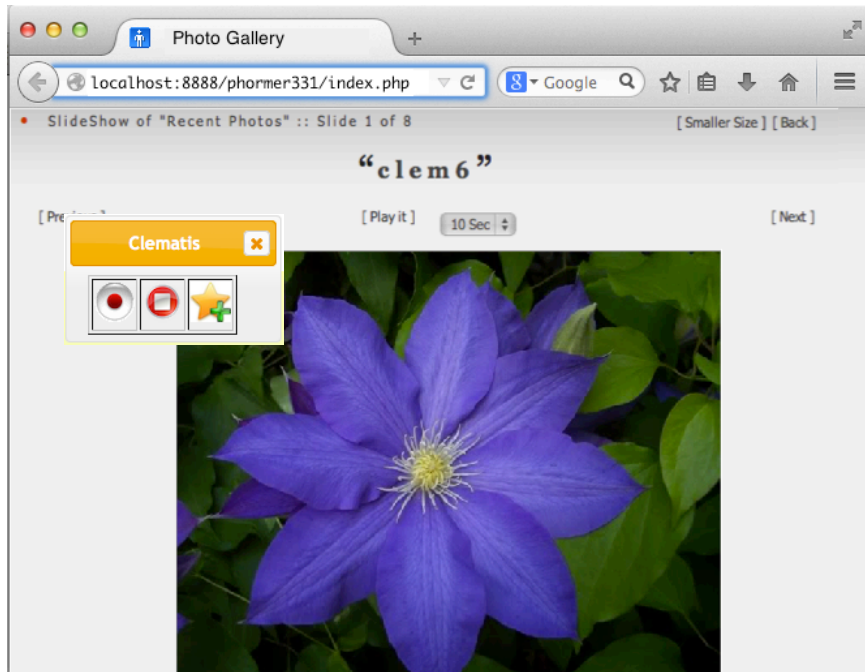
Usage Scenario



Usage Scenario



Usage Scenario



Evaluation

- RQ1) Does using Clematis decrease the task completion **duration** for web application comprehension?
- RQ2) Does using Clematis increase the task completion **accuracy** for web application comprehension?
- RQ3) Are there any **certain categories of tasks** for which Clematis improves the performance most?

Industrial Controlled Experiment

- Participants
 - 20 software developers (from a large SW company)
 - Experimental group: Clematis
 - Control group: Chrome, Firefox & Firebug
- Procedure
 - 5 minute tutorial on Clematis
 - Tasks: control flow, feature location, DOM mutations, ...
- Data collection
 - Task completion duration & accuracy

Results: Duration



Average Time (mm:ss) Per Task

Task	Clematis		Other	
T1	7:00	<<	11:27	(39%↑)
T2	3:51	<<	7:27	(48%↑)
T3	2:02	<<	6:18	(68%↑)
T4	2:44	<	4:00	(32%↑)

Average Time (mm:ss) in Total

Task	Clematis		Other	
All	15:37	<<	29:12	(47%↑)

Results: Accuracy



Average Accuracy (%) Per Task

Task	Clematis		Other	
T1	84	>>	28	(67%↑)
T2	97	>>	57	(41%↑)
T3	100	>	80	(20%↑)
T4	95	>>	30	(68%↑)

Average Accuracy (%) in Total

Task	Clematis		Other	
All	90	>>	35	(61%↑)

Results



Duration

Task	Improvement
T1	(39%↑)
T2	(48%↑)
T3	(68%↑)
T4	(32%↑)



Accuracy

Task	Improvement
T1	(67%↑)
T2	(41%↑)
T3	(20%↑)
T4	(68%↑)

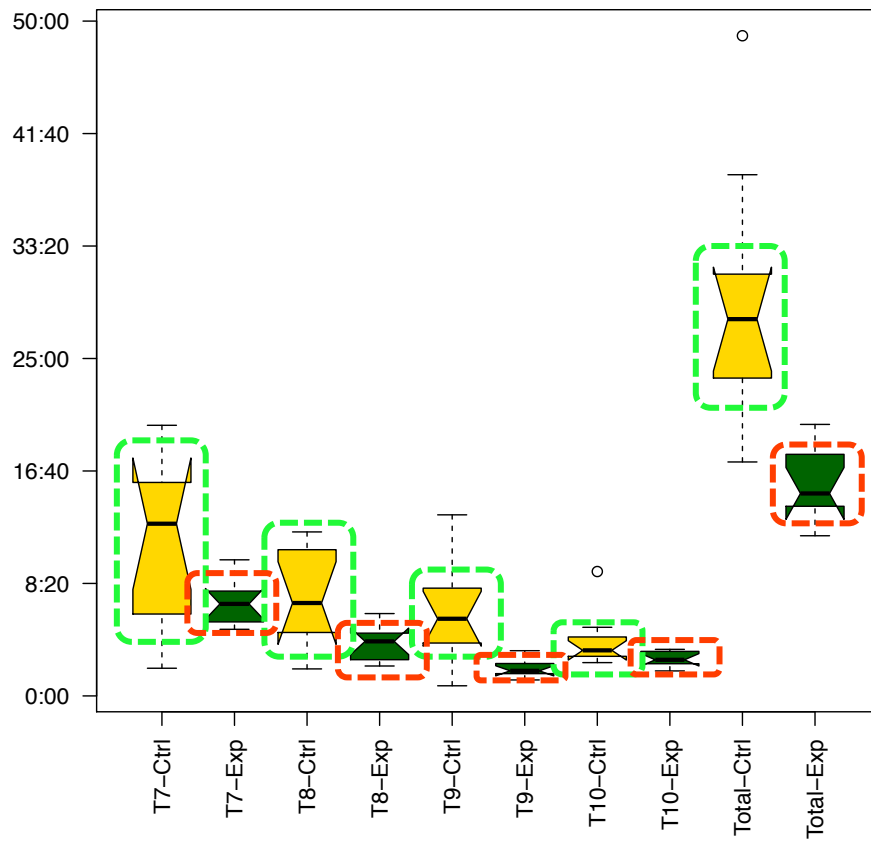
Task	Description
------	-------------

T1	Following control flow in presence of asynchronous events
T2	Finding DOM mutations caused by a DOM event
T3	Locating the implementation of a malfunctioning feature
T4	Detecting control flow in presence of event propagation

Consistent Performance



Duration (mm:ss)



Accuracy (%)

