

RF Design - Noise

Exercise 1: What are the minimum possible values of T_e and F ?

$T_e = 0 \text{ K}$ is minimum (no added noise)
 this gives $F = 1$ (0 dB).

Exercise 2: The datasheet for a low-noise amplifier (LNA) specifies a noise figure of 2 dB. What is the noise temperature T_e ?

$$F = 2 \text{ dB} \quad T_e = ?$$

$$= 1.58$$

$$= \frac{T_0 + T_e}{T_0} = 1 + \frac{T_e}{T_0}$$

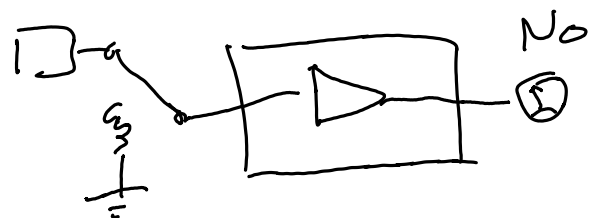
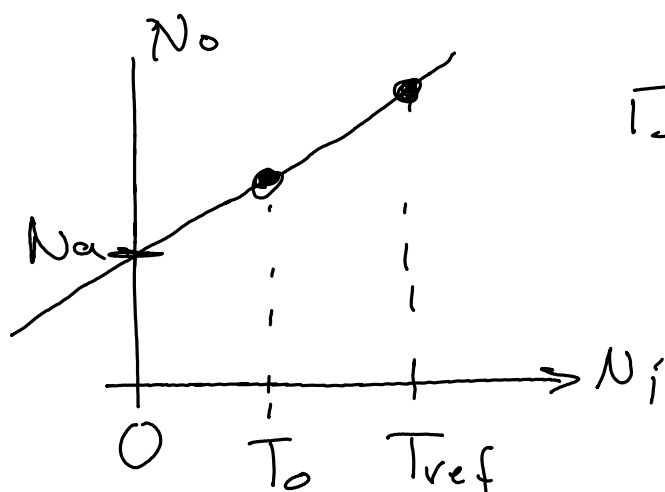
$$\frac{T_e}{T_0} = 1.58 - 1 = 0.58 \quad T_e = 290 \cdot 0.58 \approx 168 \text{ K}$$

Exercise 3: An LNA with a noise figure of 0.3 dB receives a signal with an SNR of 6 dB. What is the output SNR?

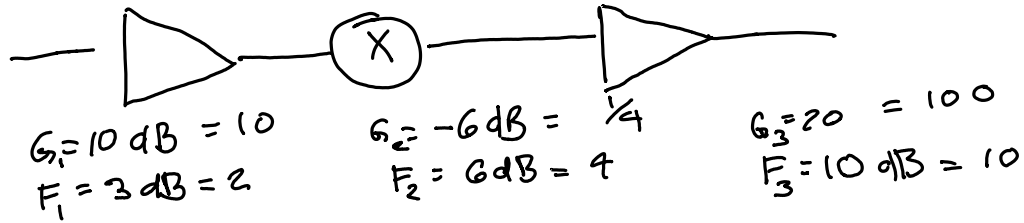
$$F = \frac{S_i/N_i}{S_o/N_o} \quad S_i/N_i = 6 \text{ dB} = 4$$

$$F = 0.3 \text{ dB} = 10^{\frac{0.3}{10}} = 1.0715$$

$$S_o/N_o = \frac{S_i/N_i}{F} = \frac{4}{1.0715} = 3.73 = 5.7 \text{ dB}$$



Exercise 4: A What is the system noise figure of a receiver that consists of a 10dB amplifier with 3 dB noise figure followed by a mixer with a 6dB loss and an IF amplifier with a 20dB gain and noise figure = 10 dB



$$\begin{aligned}
 F_{\text{sys}} &= F_1 + \frac{F_2 - 1}{G_1} + \frac{F_3 - 1}{G_1 G_2} \\
 &= 2 + \frac{4 - 1}{10} + \frac{10 - 1}{10 \cdot \frac{1}{4}} = 2 + 0.3 + 3.6 \\
 &= 5.9 \approx 8 \text{ dB}
 \end{aligned}$$